

# THE ALBERTA OIL GAZETTE

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## CONSUMPTION OF OIL INCREASES; SUPPLY DECREASES

The Inland Index, of Casper, Wyoming, which got hold of a letter written by M. T. Chestnut, Jr., of 2019 East 20th Avenue, Denver, Colo., to E. T. Williams of the E. T. Williams Oil Company of Casper. The facts are of such nature that they justify reprinting, with due credit to the Index:

**Production of Petroleum**  
In 1900 we produced 63,620,000 bbls. crude petroleum.  
In 1906 we produced 126,493,000 bbls. crude petroleum.  
In 1914 we produced 265,762,000 bbls. crude petroleum.  
In 1922 we produced 557,531,000 bbls. crude petroleum.

At the same rate of increase, we are going to produce and consume, 1,000,000,000 bbls in 1930. Where is it coming from?

In July of this year we consumed more oil than we produced in the whole of the year 1900.

In 1923 we will produce 10 times as much oil as we produced in 1900.

**Sources of Consumption.**  
It is estimated that in this country there are 13,000,000 automobiles. In California there are more than 1,000,000 autos or one for every 4 people. Several other states have nearly the same proportion.

In 1930 this country will have a population of more than 120,000,000. Every person in six has a car, it will mean 20,000,000 automobiles working for the oil man.

Less than one-fifth of the ships are fuel burners and only about one-tenth of the railroads are using oil for fuel.

Less than one-fourth of the farms are equipped with gasoline engines to lighten labor burden, pump water, furnish lights, saw wood, etc.

California has more automobiles than Canada and all Europe put together have.

California has more autos than all Mexico and South America and Africa. The airplane and gasoline propelled balloon is just coming into extensive use.

**Extension of Consumption**  
Consumption of oil, like most any other commodity, depends largely on price. When the price of a commodity is low, its use is extended and when it is high it is curtailed, but it is seldom as much as it is extended.

Present prices of oil tend to create a greater demand for it. The consumption of oil is to increase each year in the future as it has during the past few years, it means the oil man must every year add about 80,000,000 bbls. to the total production. But few of the oil fields in this country have produced this amount of oil during their life.

**Stocks on Hand**  
In June 1922, we had a 212 day supply of oil in stock.  
In June, 1923, we had a 187 days supply in stock.

In June, 1922, we produced and imported 1,800,000 bbls. of oil per day.  
In June, 1923, we produced and imported 2,500,000 bbls. of oil per day.  
In June, 1922, we produced and imported 350,000 bbls. per day more than in June, 1922, and yet we had a 25 day supply less on hand.

**Motor Vehicle Consumption**  
In 1909, we had 311,000 motor vehicles in the U.S.A., and we produced about 183,000,000 bbls. of oil, or an average of 588 bbls. to each car.

In 1922, we had 12,000,000 motor vehicles in the U.S.A. and we produced 557,531,000 bbls. of oil, or an average of 46.5 bbls. per car.

In 46.5 bbls. of oil there are 1915 gals. If our oil supply were 50 per cent. recovery of gasoline, would give 573.90 gals. of gasoline per car.

It has been estimated that each car consumes each year 320 gals. of gasoline. Thus in 1922, we produced 48.9 gals. more per car than was consumed per car.

More than 2,500,000 motor vehicles have been sold so far in 1923.

To supply these additional cars with oil, means we should produce 46.5 times 2,500,000, 116,250,000 more bbls. of oil this year, 1923, than we produced in 1922, or a total of 673,781,000 bbls. of oil.

**Flush Production Dwindling**  
Production in 1923 may slightly exceed 673,781,000 bbls., owing to the great flush production of Signal Hill, Santa Fe Springs, and Huntington Beach, in California and Powell, Snakeoak, Tonkawa and Burbank in Mid-Continent fields, but all these fields are showing signs of exhaustion and rapid decline and no one can doubt but that early in 1924 they will have settled down to a production far below their present production.

There are no new developments in the United States or Mexico that indicate the opening of new fields to take place of these declining fields. This is a pretty safe statement to make that production will decline and stocks of crude oil on hand be drawn on rapidly in the near future, and that oil will advance in price about the time that figures show we have only 150 days supply on hand at this time.

Anything below 150 days supply in stocks means rapidly increasing prices for crude in the immediate future.

On July 31, 1923, the Bureau of Mines, estimated stocks in terms of days supply to be 170.3, a decline of 11.3 days supply during the month, and all figures on oil industry since that date, indicate a proportionate decline, so it is believed that there will have only about 160 days supply in stocks.

**Oklahoma and Kansas**  
In Oklahoma 57,000 oil wells produced (Continued on Centre Page.)

## BORDER OIL DISTRICT SHUTS DOWN FOR THE WINTER

Sweet Grass-Coutts, Oct. 20.—A review of the oil situation here reveals the fact that oil development has not been abandoned here by any means. Although the tie-up of affairs of the Moodie Company's four wells has caused operations to cease, at these wells for sometime, it is now a certainty that the Moodie-Duncan No. 1 across the flat east of Coutts is to be operated again shortly.

Two good showings of oil were found at this well, and the hole is but 1865 feet deep, scarcely more than half way to the expected oil zone.

Some of the wealthiest men in Canada are said to be interested in the Moodie-Duncan and are not going to allow so good a prospect as the Duncan No. 1 to lie undeveloped. Watchmen have also been stationed at the three other wells by the Canadian Credit Men's Association for the present.

The original owners of the wells will take hold of the wells again next spring. It is said, and operate them probably in amalgamation with other oil companies.

Altho rumor has stated recently that the Anglo-Indian, called No. 3 of the Moodie Wells has been drilled and investigation shows that they have had up steam several times recently, but only for the purpose of condensing steam for laundry and camp use, as no other water is available there.

The McCullough-Patterson rig is still idle, and may not operate until spring, but they were fortunate in securing the funds deposited in the Farmers & Merchants Bank, which failed here a short time ago. By reason of the funds being sent down in the form of a Canadian draft which specified it could be cashed only for the purpose of paying for a shipment of casing, the draft was recovered and the funds saved. A watchman is also in charge of this rig.

**Talk of Merger**  
The Border Oils, Ltd. five miles east of Coutts have ceased drilling. Parties visiting the well before it continued operations say that a very strong showing of oil was in evidence. Altho the management of this company cannot be reached here it is rumored that they are expecting to affiliate with several other oil companies into a large oil merger here.

A party who has an interest of some in this Border well was offered par which he quickly and flatly refused, which would indicate that the company is well satisfied with the showings. The well has not been abandoned but is said to be waiting the results of the proposed merger. In case oil is proven commercially in this well, the hole would have to be reamed out to at least four inches, it is now 1-1/4 inches in diameter at the bottom.

The Ford recently considered our proposal to nominate him in the last presidential election, but eventually he decided to support President Wilson. "Henshaw said. This time however, he is almost certain to be our choice, though he may not be.

Nearly every citizen of Alberta and throughout the whole Dominion will be wearing a poppy on Armistice Day, November 11th.

The Wheat Pool will begin operations on October 29th says the new manager of the pool, Mr. Elliott, of Calgary.

Once more King-Turn's tomb is to be disturbed, and at the present moment work is going forward towards training an entrance to the place which was closed last year.

and eight inches in diameter, now making a deep test possible. The wet gas found in this well is a splendid indication that a body of oil is near, if not at the exact location of the well. Should this well not prove a commercial producer, it is said that the Spartan will also make another test before abandoning the boundary district.

Are there reasons for optimism in the oil industry, or are the facts show merely that the "bulls" in the market are active.

**Spartan Gets Fresh Water**  
The Spartan-McAlpine well struck a small flow of fresh water at 2,099 feet, the depth they had expected to pick up the first oil sand, so it is now expected they will make a deep test, going at least into the Madison lime as their hole stands in good condition

## IMPERIAL OIL CO. COMPLETES BIG GAS-SER AT OKOTOKS

The Imperial Oil Company have completed Royalty No. 1 in Section 7-20-2-5. This well is making around 7,000,000 feet of wet gas per day. The flow was encountered at 3,000 feet. This well is in the section adjoining the section in which the Illinois Alberta producer located and makes the seventh producing well in the Okotoks field. A large amount of gasoline is produced by extracting the gasoline content by the absorption system, after which the gas is conducted to Calgary and intervening towns and used for heating. During the summer months the demand for this gas was not sufficient to use up all the capacity of the wells and more gasoline could have been produced. The company could have disposed of the gas after it had been treated. Now that cold weather is setting in there will be a larger demand for gas and consequently more gasoline will be produced from this source.

**ALBERTA OIL PRODUCTION.**  
Crude petroleum is found in three of the provinces of Canada. Ontario of course is the big producer, the total running last year to more than 14,731 barrels worth \$362,616, including the bonus paid by the Dominion government and amounting to \$86,484. New Brunswick came next with 7,778 barrels, worth \$32,732, including \$4,373 bonus money. Alberta is credited with 6,539 barrels, but they were worth \$52,128 to the province, though the bonus allowance paid was only \$246. While in the quantity produced Alberta takes third place, it ranks well ahead of New Brunswick in the cash value of the product, despite the fact that the Government bonus is a trifle in respect to Alberta.

**HENRY FORD MAY BE CANDIDATE FOR PROHIBITIONISTS**  
Los Angeles, Calif., Oct. 18.—Henry Ford in all likelihood will get the presidential nomination of the prohibition party according to Virgil G. Henshaw, chairman of the prohibition national committee, who today issued a call for a national conference at Washington, December 12.

The initial payment on wheat will be 75 cents a bushel for No. 1 Northern, less actual handling and freight charges. The advance for other grades will be in proportion.

The price the farmer will receive for his grain will be the average price of the year obtained in each grade. Therefore if the average price of the year for No. 1 Northern is \$2.50, the farmer will receive a final balance of 25 cents.

**THINK ABOUT FIRE BEFORE IT HAPPENS**  
Don't let children play with matches.

Don't leave everything to the landlord; inspect your own house from cellar to garret.

Don't go into dark closets, bedrooms or cellars, using matches or candles to light the way.

Don't use gasoline or benzene or naphtha in lighting fires, or to quicken a slow fire, or may result in death.

Don't use alcohol lamps, especially if made of glass; they often break and the fluid is ignited at once.

Don't fill any lamp with gasoline or coal oil while the lamp is lighted.

Keep burners on all oil lamps perfectly clean.

Don't fill oil lamps after dark or within fifteen feet of lights or fire.

Don't put ashes in wooden boxes or barrels. Keep ashes away from boards.

Don't use oils with a low flash point. Don't accumulate rubbish in press-rooms, cellars or workshops. While awaiting material in metal-linen receptacles.

## THE POOL WILL ACCEPT WHEAT ON OCTOBER 29

Initial Payment on No. 1 Northern Will be 75, Less Handling and Freight Charges.  
An official announcement from the wheat pool headquarters is to effect that the Alberta Co-Operative Wheat Producers, Limited, will be ready to accept wheat from its members commencing next Monday, October 29th. With this announcement comes a statement by the provisional board of trustees covering the negotiations which have been going on for the last ten weeks and outlining arrangements made for handling grain, finance, management, system and general organization and acquisition of elevator facilities.

It is officially announced in reference to management, that D. L. Smith, formerly manager of the Grain Growers Export Co., Winnipeg, is eastern sales manager, and will be responsible for the sale of all eastern shipments and exportation of grain.

Practically all purely Alberta elevator companies have agreed to handle wheat for the pool under satisfactory arrangements. No announcement is made as to what companies will handle the pool wheat, but it is known that the Alberta Pacific and the United Grain Growers have signed an agreement. The names of the companies will be announced at a later date.

For the handling of grain it was decided not to purchase elevators under present conditions, but a plan was evolved along the same line at that under which the old wheat board would handle the pool wheat, but it is known that the Alberta Pacific and the United Grain Growers have signed an agreement. The names of the companies will be announced at a later date.

With regard to finances, a line of credit of \$15,000,000 at 6 and one-half percent on the security of terminal warehouse receipts has been arranged.

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## GOVERNMENT ISSUES INSTRUCTIONS ON PREFERENTIAL VOTE

For the first time in Alberta, the preferential ballot, or in other words, the transferable vote system, is to be used in province-wide election, on the occasion of the referendum on the liquor question on Monday, November 5th.

As is well known, there are four questions on the ballot paper. The voter must not use the mark, but should place the figure 1 opposite the proposal he wishes to become law.

Then he should place the figure 2 opposite his second choice, the figure 3 opposite his third choice, and so on. Though voters are entitled to "plump" for one question, or to vote less than the full number of choices, the government wants them to vote their full number of choices. Only in this way can the voters obtain the full value of their ballots, and the government of voters expects of opinion.

The following statement is given as an explanation of the use of the transferable vote:

The key to our system of government is "The Will of the Majority Shall Govern." How shall the will of the majority of the electors be ascertained? By their preferences expressed by their votes.

Where there are only two questions before the electors, it is an easy matter to get a clear majority decision by the use of the X vote method. If every elector has to vote for one of two questions, he has his choice, and when the votes are counted, one or the other of the questions will be likely to have over one-half of the total votes cast and will be declared carried, as expressing the will of the majority of the people which will be carried into effect.

The present method of marking the ballot with an X is adequate for the purpose of showing the voters choice of one or two questions. Any other mark, letter or figure would answer the purpose equally well. So long as the votes cast at an election can be ascertained in two piles, one or the other is almost certain to contain more than one-half of all the votes cast and the will of the majority is thus ascertained.

Trouble arises when the X method of voting is used where there are more than two questions before the electors. With one question to be carried and no question receives a clear majority, the electors are left in the lurch. To make a choice out of three questions, there will be three piles of votes, one of them contains more than the other two, that is more than half of the total ballots cast, the will of the majority is clearly ascertained, and the object of the election has been attained. But if the votes are divided equally among the three questions and no question has a majority of all the votes cast, the election has failed to disclose the will of the majority.

If all the electors were called together into one large hall to decide by a show of hands which way to vote, the questions should be adopted as the will of the majority, the electors might have to vote twice before reaching a decision. On the other hand, the elector would hold up his hand for his first choice. The result would probably be that no question would have a clear majority of all the votes cast. But, one of the questions would be almost certain to have fewer choices than either of the other two.

The chairman of the meeting would declare this question defeated, leaving only two in the running. A show of hands would be called for for the choice of the two remaining questions. Now the electors who had as their first choice the defeated question would still have a right to vote for their choice of the remaining two. The result would be two piles of ballots with a clear majority for one of the questions.

The same result could be obtained by holding two elections under the X vote method. At the first election the elector would vote for his choice of the three; at the second election the question receiving the fewest votes in the first election would be dropped and all the voters would be given a chance to vote for their choice of the remaining two, thus giving one, or the other the necessary majority.

Such a method would be very cumbersome and too costly to adopt; for a dozen consecutive elections might be necessary to select a winner where the questions were sufficiently numerous. Moreover the same result can be achieved in a very simple and inexpensive manner. Note what the electors did in the two elections referred to. In the first they voted their choice, that is their first choice. In the second election those who had voted their first choices for the defeated question, voted their second choices, and their ballots went into one or other of the two piles and took part in the final result in expressing the will of the majority.

Now this result can be secured by each elector marking his first choice by the number 1 and so on for the number of questions, and having the consecutive elections all over at once, the elector who counts the votes does not, according to the instructions given on the ballot, if the elector's first preference question is dropped, as having fewest votes, his second preference shows which one of the remaining questions he desires his ballot counted for. If his second preference question is dropped his third preference shows what one of the then remaining questions he desires

## NEW GAS WELL BROUGHT IN MONDAY AT 2200 FEET

(From The Viking News)  
Yielding sufficient natural gas to almost supply the total requirements of the city of Edmonton, such is the capacity of the latest producing well in the Viking gas field. This well number ten, which has been completed since the Northwestern Utilities, limited, took over the installation of the pipeline to the city, was brought in as a gusher on Monday, and is now giving 3,000,000 cubic feet of gas every twenty-four hours.

Some little work has been done on the well by the Northern Alberta Natural Gas Development company before it was succeeded by the Northwestern Utilities, and since that time George C. Hencroft, the field superintendent, and George Green, driller, have been working on the deepening of the hole. The gas has been struck in the upper sand at a depth of 2,200 feet.

E. G. Hill, president of the company is now at the gas fields, and it is stated that it is the intention to cut off the flow and to carry the boring yet deeper.

The deepening of this well, no further borings will be made at the field this year, but the work will be continued next spring.

It is stated that the work on the pipeline has already progressed sufficiently for a preliminary test of the main line to be made.

**ALBERTA WEEKLY MARKET REPORT**  
Cattle.

Beef—Edmonton receipts were light and market prices firmer with choice heavy steers \$4.25@4.75; and a top of \$5; choice light \$4.60@4.50; good \$3.50@4; medium \$2.75@3.25; common down to \$2. Choice heifers \$3.25@3.50. Choice cows \$2.75@3; good \$2.25@2.75; medium \$1.75@2.25; common \$1.35@1.75; canners down to \$1. Calves steady, choice light killers \$5; common heavy \$2@3. Bulls unchanged at a top of \$2, common down to \$1. Feeders, steady, choice \$3.50@4; make \$3.50@4, with a top of \$4.10; stocker steers \$1.75@3.50. Stock heifers \$1.50@2.75. Cows \$1.25@2.25.

**Hogs**  
Edmonton hog prices through the week \$3.75@4.25. Butcher smooths of best, bacon 10 percent premium.

**Sheep**  
Sheep prices at Edmonton held steady with best lambs at \$11; wethers \$8.99; butchers \$9@9.75.

**Grain**  
Splendid threshing weather continues throughout most of the west and there has been heavy marketing and some breaks in prices. There are reports that the Argentine crop will be a heavy one and that will depress our market.

**Butter—Cream—Cheese.**  
Creamery Butters—There is a little stronger tone on car lots, but outside of that there are not any changes in prices. Butter Fat—Prices are unchanged with the receipts comparatively light, but more coming than at this time last year. Dairy Butters—Fancy label grades are higher, but there is very little being handled. Cheese market is firm and cleaning up well.

**Eggs—Poultry.**  
Eggs—market unchanged, though some are cutting prices on the No. 2 eggs. Demand fair on the good quality eggs. Poultry—more reported now coming to market, but rush will not be on until there is a change in the weather.

**Hay**  
Market still slow, but for occasional rush cars the shipper gets a little over market quotations.

**Hides.**  
No improvement in hides and dealers cannot see any light at least.

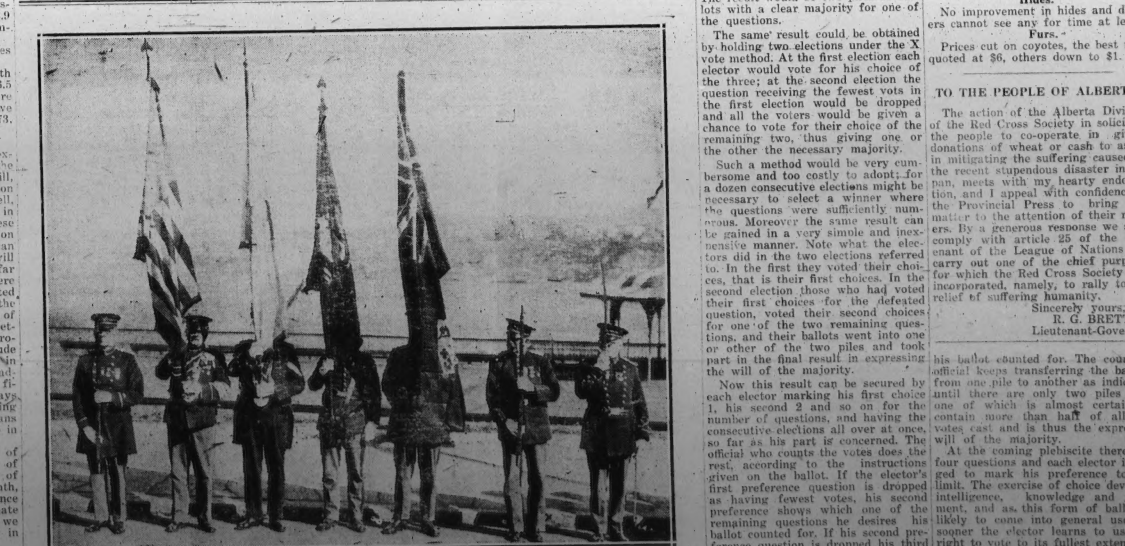
**Furs.**  
Prices cut on coyotes, the best now quoted at \$6, others down to \$1.

**TO THE PEOPLE OF ALBERTA.**  
The action of the Alberta Division of the Red Cross Society in soliciting the people to co-operate in giving donations of wheat or cash to assist in mitigating the suffering caused by the recent stupendous disaster in Japan, meets with my hearty endorsement, and I appeal with confidence to the Provincial Press to bring the matter to the attention of their readers. By a generous response we shall comply with article 25 of the Covenant of the League of Nations and carry out one of the chief purposes for which the Red Cross Society was incorporated, namely, to rally to the relief of suffering humanity.

Sincerely yours,  
R. G. BRETT,  
Lieutenant-Governor.

his ballot counted for. The counting official keeps transferring the ballots from one pile to another as indicated until there are only two piles left, one of which is almost certain to contain more than half of all the votes cast and is thus the expressed will of the majority.

At the coming plebiscite there are four questions and each elector is urged to mark his choice on the ballot. The exercise of choice develops intelligence, knowledge and judgment, and as this form of ballot is likely to come into general use the sooner the elector learns to use his right to vote to its fullest extent the better it will be for the elector and for the country.



Saluting the Canadian colors after presentation by General Landry at Quebec, the gift of the Canada Steamship Lines to the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Co. of Boston.

# RED ROSE

## COFFEE

For particular people—  
Are you one of the "Particular People"? Then you will surely be charmed with RED ROSE—is truly a "particular" coffee.

### The Japanese Disaster

The disaster which overtook Japan on the first day of September stands without a parallel in all history. A terrific earthquake, or series of earthquakes, tumbled the buildings of the two great cities of Tokio and Yokohama into piles of wreckage. Fire immediately following swept the ruined cities, destroying what the earthquake shocks had left. Then came huge tidal waves which wiped out many of the seaside resorts and towns. Seldom has destruction been so swift and so complete.

The losses were appalling: great numbers of people killed, in the enormous numbers injured, in the destruction of business houses, homes, food, clothing, and even the means of livelihood for untold masses of the people. A despatch from Osaka states that the afflicted area extends about 140 miles east and west, and 110 miles north and south, roughly 45,000 square miles, containing five big cities and thirty-three counties, with a combined population of seven million people. About 70 per cent. of the cities, towns and villages were destroyed. Tokio, of which approximately three-quarters was destroyed, was the world's third largest city.

As one paper, in summing up the news despatches, notes, there was no time to save anything; the land heaved and opened; fires started in the ruins of wrecked buildings and spread swiftly through the tinder-like materials, and then came the waves from the triflingly disturbed sea, giant walls of water smashing in upon the stricken land, drowning the panic-stricken people by thousands.

This terrible calamity has called forth the sympathy of the whole world, sympathy which is finding expression in practical measures of relief on a large scale commensurate to the gigantic need. Like all great catastrophes, it is also proving the metal of men. Stories of heroism and self-sacrifice, of endurance almost beyond human powers, are beginning to filter to the outside world, and it must be a source of national pride to Canadians that possibly no finer service was rendered in this terrible emergency than that by the officers and crew of the Canadian Pacific liner "Empress of Australia." The story of the part played by that vessel is one to stir the feelings and arouse the enthusiasm of the most sluggish person.

The Government of Canada lost no time in extending sympathy and practical help on behalf of the Japanese people. Within a few days of the disaster the "Empress of Russia" sailed from Vancouver with over 500 tons of relief supplies; and was the first vessel to reach Japan with supplies from America. On that vessel sailed two Canadian Red Cross nurses to assist in the organization of the white population of Japan for relief work, and with them went the first consignment of Red Cross relief supplies in the shape of twenty tons of preserved milk.

Acting at the request of the Dominion Government, the Canadian Red Cross is making and organizing a nation-wide appeal for voluntary contributions to Japanese relief, and already some hundreds of thousands of dollars have been received. The campaign is being directed by the several Provincial Divisions of the Red Cross. In Manitoba an aggressive publicity campaign is under way. In Saskatchewan appeals are being made in the next season making it difficult to organize a thorough appeal during September, the appeal was deferred until October and is being incorporated with the annual Red Cross appeal in these provinces.

But in view of the urgent need for immediate relief, the Saskatchewan Division voted \$5,000 out of its emergency fund and sent it forward in the name of the people of the Province, while the Alberta Division made a generous offer of hospital supplies. Both Divisions are receiving many voluntary contributions in advance of the October appeal. In British Columbia, with its more intimate knowledge of the Orient, the response to the Red Cross appeal is widespread and generous, while the British Columbia Government has offered a cargo of lumber for reconstruction purposes.

This world-wide response of the Christian nations in the hour of Japan's sorrow cannot fail to make a lasting impression on the Japanese people. It will also make for international goodwill.

The Government of Japan has met the emergency in a most creditable manner. With many of its leading citizens killed, its own Government buildings destroyed, millions of citizens without homes, food or clothing, all industry paralyzed and means of livelihood gone, countless thousands injured, and scores of thousands of orphaned children, the task confronting it cannot be described in words. But with Japanese fortitude and energy the problem is being dealt with, and plans are in process of evolution designed to create model cities in Tokio and Yokohama and rebuild industrial Japan greater than before.

### Increase in Pure-Bred Animals

Large Increase in Canada Noted in the Last Decade

There have been large increases in the number of pure-bred animals in Canada during the decade between the last two censuses. The increase in the number of pure-bred horses between 1911 and 1921 was 44 per cent.; of cattle, 139 per cent.; of sheep, 75 per cent.; and of swine nearly 44 per cent. The number of pure-bred horses in the Dominion in 1921 was 47,782; cattle, 296,659; sheep, 93,643; and of swine, 81,142.

Speak your mind if you must, but mind how you speak.

## "I Had Terrible Backache From Kidney Disease"

Mrs. M. A. McNeill, Canaan Sta., N.B., writes:

"I was troubled for years with kidney backache, resulting from kidney disease. At times in each man I remained in bed, the pain was more than I could stand, and to walk was almost impossible. I used about \$50.00 worth of other medicines, but with little results. Now I am completely better, after using only five boxes of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

One pill a dose, 25c. a box. All dealers, or Edmundson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto

### No Butter Substitutes Admitted

Permission to Import Oleomargarine Revoked at Last Session of Parliament

As a wartime relief, permission was given by the Parliament of Canada in 1917 to admit oleomargarine which for thirty years had been excluded from trade in this country. This was revoked at the last session of parliament, and hereafter, oleomargarine and other dairy products substitutes are barred from Canada. While the manufacture and importation ceased at the end of August, dealers are given until the end of February, 1924, to dispose of their stock.

The other products to be excluded are renovated butter, filled milk, filled cream and filled butter. These contain certain proportions of fats other than the fat of milk, and after October 1, of the current year, they may no longer be imported or sold.

### Swollen Joints, Quickly Limbered Up

### Rub On Nerviline

You would be surprised at the wonderful "Nerviline" in just such cases. Being thin and not an oil preparator, it is easily absorbed quickly, and it sinks into the tissues, carrying down to the affected joints, muscles, and nerves. For stopping muscular or nervous pain, for easing a stiff neck, sore throat, or aching limbs, Nerviline is the most wonderful liniment. Nearly fifty years of success proves the merit of Nerviline. It is sold everywhere in large 25c bottles.

### Autos Parked On Roof

Novel Scheme Will Do Away With Traffic Congestion

Traffic congestion in Los Angeles has evolved a new feature in skyscraper construction—motor car parking stations on the roof. A well-known company, which sells "props"—furniture, costumes, clothes and complete period sets—to the movies and is the largest concern of its kind in the world, has started construction of a new nine-story building.

Upon completion of the building it will be possible to drive a car into the building, where it will be lifted to any floor level without getting out of the machine. Then the car can be taken to the parking station on the roof until its owner's business is transacted.

### THE FALL WEATHER HARD ON LITTLE ONES

Canadian fall weather is extremely hard on little ones. One day it is warm and bright and the next wet and cold. These sudden changes bring on colds, cramps and colic, and unless baby's little stomach is kept right on its feet, the season is lost. There is nothing to equal Baby's Own Tablets in keeping the little ones well. They sweeten the stomach, soothe the bowels, break up colds and make baby thrive. The Tablets are made by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Prospective Land Buyers

Canadian Colonization Association Interests American Buyers in Western Land

Eighty prospective land buyers and settlers brought into Western Canada from Iowa, Illinois, and Indiana through the agency of the Canada Colonization Association are at the present time travelling to various points in Alberta and Saskatchewan to inspect recommended farms. Twenty of them, entered through Winnipeg, and sixty through North Portal. Since June the association has brought 200 United States farmers into the prairies on tours of inspection.

Many have been relieved of corn by Holloway's Corn Remover. It has a power of its own that will be found effective.

### Will Use Three Planes

Amundsen Plans to Cross North Pole in Relay

Capt. Roald Amundsen's plans for a flight across the North Pole from Svalbard to Alaska next summer contemplated the use of three all-metal planes in relay, he announced after a conference with Frank H. Hammer, his business representative, at Seattle.

Capt. Amundsen explained that the purpose flight was to discover what lay within the 1,000,000 square miles of the unexplored polar basin.

Capt. Amundsen said he would return to Norway soon to perfect plans for next summer's flight. Hammer said the three all-metal planes to be used in the relay flight are under construction in Germany.

The record parachute jump, which was 24,000 feet, required 30 minutes in the descent.

Minard's Liniment for Sprains

W. N. U. 1492

## Quickly Conquers Constipation

Don't let constipation poison your blood and curtail your energy.

If you live and move, don't work properly take CARTER'S Little Liver Pills today and your trouble will cease. For dizziness, lack of appetite, headache and blotchy skin nothing can equal them. Purely vegetable. Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

### Kindness Was Repaid

Student Remembered Help Given Him By Great Paderewski

When Paderewski was one of his early tours in this country, he played a concert at San Jose, California. Two ambitious students at Leland Stanford University saw the possibility of making money, so they managed the recital. The air castle they built was a large one, and they guaranteed the pianist \$2,000.

As Paderewski was not well-known at the time, his audience was small. The two students found that \$1,500 was all the box office had taken in, and they would have to go in debt to secure the other \$500 to pay what they had guaranteed. But they found a kind-hearted Paderewski, who they sought to explain. The musician directed that the boys should pay out of the \$1,500 all the expenses they had incurred, deduct 20 per cent. from what was left for their labors, and give him the remainder.

Twenty years later when Paderewski's fortune was spent and his resources for aiding his native Poland seemed at an end, one of those students, Herbert Hoover, remembering the musician's mercy in the years before, was able to repay the kindness by going to his aid.

### On the Marriage Day

Romance usually ceases, and history begins and sore corns begin to go when "Putnam's" is applied. It takes out corns, rashes, branches, stems—no trace of a single corn left after Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor has done its work. 25c at all dealers. Refuse a substitute.

### Good Type of Britishers

Half-Million Picked War Veterans for Settlement in West

Major J. E. Speranza, Secretary of the Veterans' Association of London, England, told the Canadian Press that 500,000 of the best men of England may be secured for this country if an arrangement can be made to handle them properly after arrival. Major Speranza is now on a tour of Canada investigating conditions, and after he has completed his trip he will stop off at Ottawa on his return journey and submit a complete proposal to the immigration department.

"I am inquiring into conditions at present prevailing in this country, especially with regard to land, but also with regard to intending settlers on the land," he stated. "In England it is difficult to get this information and it is most essential."

It has Many Qualities.—The man who possesses a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is armed against many ills. It will relieve a cough, break a cold, prevent sore throat; it will reduce the swelling from a sprain, relieve the most persistent sore and will speedily heal cuts and contusions. It is a medicine chest in itself.

### Common Expression Incorrect

"She is a lady in every sense of the word," is a common enough expression; yet if that were really so the person referred to would be not only a woman of good breeding and refinement, but also a roasting spit measuring 16512, and the calcareous apparatus in the stomach of a lobster for the trituration of food. In short, a lady, in every sense of the word, would be a mighty queer-looking object.—Boston Transcript.

The fault of the average high-brow is that he never knows whether to like a performance until he reads what the critics say next day.

### How Manitoba Was Originally Pronounced

Accent Used to be Put on the Last Syllable

Manitoba newspapers are urging their readers to spell out the name of the province, instead of corrupting it into "Man." "It is," says the Brandon Sun, "full of memories and has some history of achievement; it is a mighty new province and calls for more dignified extension in our daily use. The Free Press agrees and declares that 'there are not in Canada two more appropriately christened and finely attuned names of provinces than those of Manitoba and Saskatchewan.' But if euphony is the great thing in connection with a name, the former province should never have departed from the original pronunciation, which put the accent on the last instead of the second to last syllable. Sir Wilfrid Laurier always insisted on emphasizing the 'ba.'—Edmonton Journal.

### Mother! Give Sick Child

"California Fig Syrup"

Harmless Laxative for a Bilious, Constipated Baby or Child

Constipated, bilious, feverish, or colicky babies, and children love to take genuine "California Fig Syrup." So other laxative regulates it sweetens the bowels so nicely. The tender little stomach and bowels acting without gripping. Contains no narcotics or soothing drugs. Say "California" to your druggist and avoid cornbricks. Insist upon genuine "California Fig Syrup" which contains directions.

### Building Contracts

Great Activity Noted During Month of August

During August, construction contracts awarded in Canada, amounted to \$27,483,700, compared with \$25,187,500 a year ago. Residential building accounted for 21.3 per cent. of the August total and amounted to \$5,820,900; business building amounted to \$7,762,500 or 28.2 per cent.; industrial building \$1,778,500, or 6.5 per cent.; public works, and utilities \$9,316,800, or 34 per cent. The value of contemplated new work reported during August amounted to \$27,490,000. Construction contracts awarded during the first eight months of 1923 amounted to \$223,654,400, compared with \$184,333,700 during the corresponding period of last year. The increase amounts to \$49,320,700, or 26.2 per cent.

Painless and perfect in their action, Miller's Worm Powders are always a safe and reliable remedy for children who show symptoms of worms. Their symptoms are easily recognizable in a feverish restlessness, frequently ending in convulsions. A point of notable importance is that after Miller's Worm Powders have expelled the worms, the stomach and bowels are toned up into a very healthy condition.

### A Silver Lining

National Wealth Is Keeping Pace With National Burden

Substantially the financial situation of the country today is not worse than it was at the conclusion of the Napoleonic wars. The total burden is vastly greater, but so is the national wealth. During last century we made light of the debt we had incurred because of the enormous industrial and commercial development that came with the era of steam. While we cannot look for another such sudden expansion in productivity, there are the best reasons for believing that we shall improve steadily our capacity to make good, and with them to supply the markets of the world.—Westminster Gazette, London.

### Nansen Coming to Canada

A dispatch confirming the approaching visit of Dr. Fridtjof Nansen to Canada and the United States, has been received by the League of Nations Society in Canada, under whose auspices he will make a number of addresses. Dr. Nansen is due to be in Winnipeg on November 21 and 22.



### For Thin Falling Hair Use Cuticura

If your scalp is irritated and your hair dry and falling out in handfuls, try this treatment: Touch spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment and follow with hot shampoo of Cuticura Soap. Nothing better than Cuticura for all skin and scalp troubles. See 25c. Balm and 50c. Jar. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: London, Ont., 25 St. Paul St., Montreal. Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment.

### Speedier Trips Soon

Possible to Make Six-Hour Flight Across Continent Says U. S. Aviator

Within five years it will be a common thing to fly in six hours from New York to San Francisco. This was the startling prediction of Lt. Col. Harry Graham, of the U.S. Army Air Service, recently.

"Our investigations have shown that at altitudes of from 30,000 to 40,000 feet there is air current travelling from 150 to 300 miles per hour," said Col. Graham. "These currents travel in an elliptical course, and at different altitudes move in different directions. Aided by these currents and with the speed of machines a flight from New York to San Francisco in five to six hours is certain. Of course the machines will have to be electrically heated and supplied with oxygen or no one could live at such heights."

### End Stomach Misery, Gas Or Indigestion

"Pape's Diaprepst" is the quickest, most reliable relief for indigestion, gas, flatulence, heartburn, sourness, or stomach distress caused by acidity. A few tablets give almost immediate stomach relief. Correct your stomach and digestion now for a few cents. Druggists sell millions of packages of Pape's Diaprepst.

Says Honest Money Is Best  
Emmett Dalton, the last of the famous Dalton brothers' gang, which terrorized the west a century ago, says: "A dollar honestly earned is worth \$10,000 obtained by fraudulent means." He spent fourteen years in prison to expiate his crimes.

Never Saw One  
Father.—Son, I want you always to remember what the immortal Emerson said, "Hitch your wagon to a star!"  
Young Son.—Say, dad, tell me what's a wagon?

A Great Day Coming  
Science says that, some day, there may be no more death. Those will be great and glorious days for pedestrians!—Toronto Telegram.

A universal custom that benefits everybody. Aids digestion, cleanses the teeth, soothes the throat.

After Every Meal

WRIGLEYS  
a good thing to remember  
Sealed in its Purify Package  
THE FLAVOR LASTS



Everywhere

THE

The Tobacco with a heart



# Wheat Producing Powers Of Canada Of Great Importance To The British Empire

(By C. P. McLennan, London, England)

Canada's wheat-producing powers are of great importance to the British Empire. When those powers are questioned, as they have been recently, an investigation is not out of place for the purpose of determining whether Canada's claim as a great and prospective wheat producer is well founded. I have here fore secured information from a Canadian authority, which goes far to substantiate the Dominion's claim to pre-eminence as a wheat-producing country. There is evidence which suggests that Canada will, in time, produce more wheat, and of a higher grade, than any other country in the world.

That Canada is entitled to be called the "granary of the Empire" is borne out by the following figures, which show the wheat production of the principal producing units of the Empire for the year 1921 (or 1921-22):—

	Bushels
Canada	300,853,100
India	250,469,323
Australia	148,606,000
Great Britain and Ireland	74,000,000
South Africa	8,659,000
New Zealand	6,000,000

That Canada will continue to hold this title is evidenced by the fact that not more than 15 per cent. of her wheat land is now under crop. The production in 1922 amounts to 399,786,400 bushels, an increase of 98,523,300 bushels over the 1921 figures given above. While actually India is a close second, relatively she is far behind, inasmuch as Canada produced about 25 bushels per head in 1921, as compared with India's less than one bushel per head.

There is another question in dispute. It has been declared that the attempt to push the wheat belt northward in Canada has been a failure. If that were so the future of the Dominion, as a wheat-producer, would still be of first importance, as the rest of Canada, about which there is no question, is capable of an enormous annual production. But, as a matter of fact, excellent grain is now grown in these northern districts. The expansion of the wheat belt northward in Canada is by no means a failure; but, on the contrary, has been a decided success. Wheat from the Peace River Valley, in Alberta, took the first prize at the World's Columbian Exposition in 1933, and the area of wheat grown in that district is rapidly increasing. In those northern latitudes four and five grains to the cluster are found, as against two or three in the United States or more southern countries, those of Canada are superior to those of Great Britain for the production of wheat. The British Isles have too much moisture to produce the hard wheat grown in Canada. Excess of moisture produces wheat lacking in protein content and baking strength.

Owing to the large amount of British capital invested in wheat lands, elevators, railways, steamships and other allied interests in the western provinces of Canada, it becomes a matter of the utmost importance as to whether Canada is to go forward or backward in the work of feeding the American and European continents. The popular impression has been, and still is, that Canada is not so well developed, can produce enough wheat to make sure the world's supply of bread for a great many years to come, an impression which is founded on irrefutable data. As to whether the Dominion of Canada is likely to be the greatest wheat-growing country in the world, there can only be one answer. That country is now the second largest producer of wheat, and will assuredly become the greatest producer and exporter within a very few years. With but 15 per cent. of her available wheat areas under crop, and a rapidly increasing area being brought under annually, the Dominion should be long outdistancing the United States in wheat production.

In view of the attitude of the Labor party in this country in opposing migration to Canada, it is an interesting question whether English farmers going out can make money by wheat-raising, or whether the Canadian picture generally has been overdrawn. I may say in this connection that English farmers who have sufficient capital to engage in farming in Western Canada can, undoubtedly, engage profitably in wheat-growing. True

the price of wheat at the present time is at rather a low level. But, even under the present conditions, the skilled farmer who is comparatively free of debt, and in a position to give personal attention to his farm, should certainly succeed in growing wheat at a profit.

Land can be purchased now at low prices, and the settler will probably reap the benefit of increased values in his land holdings. There is no justification for throwing cold water on Canada as land for the British migrant who looks to farming for a livelihood.

## Fatigue of Metals

Certain Metals Which Show Stronger Resistance to Prolonged Use

The fatigue of metals is still little understood, though it has been under investigation more than three years at the University of Illinois. In his report to the Engineering Foundation and the National Research Council, Prof. H. F. Moore finds that the industrial losses from this cause probably amount to many millions of dollars yearly, in large number of "minor accidents" rather than in spectacular disasters, and that better acquaintance with the phenomena of fatigue failure should reduce these losses more than one-half. Quite as important as the reduction of losses may be the finding of metals for machines more resistant to fatigue stresses than those now used. In many cases, it would be very desirable for example to use non-ferrous, non-corrosive metals for making steam-turbine blades, but such metals are so far very little employed because their resistance to prolonged fatigue-stress is not known. Steel castings are rapidly reducing expensive steel forgings. There is great difference in the fatigue strength, however, and a great drawback to the use of the casting is lack of knowledge of their fatigue-resisting qualities. In the investigation of repeated stresses so far made, one test of steel was carried to one billion repetitions.

## Placing the Blame

Campers Responsible for Large Percentage of Forest Fires

How many forest fires are started by campers? The Chief Forester of British Columbia, P. Z. Caverhill, makes an arresting statement on this subject as follows: "Out of a total of 2,591 fires in a season the greatest single cause of starting such fires is that listed as Campers and Travellers, who were known to be responsible for 625, or 24.2 per cent. There is little doubt that a number of the fires which started from unknown causes amounting to 536, can be attributed to campers and travellers; that it is fairly safe to say that 25 per cent. of all the fires caused in British Columbia last year were caused by the carelessness of people who should have the greatest interest in keeping the forests green."

## Valuable Garden Assistant

English Gardeners Will Pay Good Price For Toads

It is said that a toad is worth five dollars to any gardener. In rural England, gardeners gladly pay a good price for them. Caterpillars, grubs and beetles hide during the day and do their destructive work at night, when their natural enemies, the birds, are asleep. A toad has been known to eat one hundred beetles or fifty army worms at a time. He seems always to be hungry. His very long tongue is fastened in the front of his mouth and is covered with a sticky substance. He always catches his game when in motion and swallows it whole. He does not drink water, but absorbs moisture through his skin.

"I can't say long," said the chairman of the committee from the colored church. "I just came to see if you wouldn't join de mission band." "For de lan sake, honey," replied the old mammy, "dean come to me. I can't even play a moultorgan—Lippincott's Magazine.

Every man knows lots of fool things that he would do if he had the money.

Wise men ascertain what is on the other side of the hurdle before jumping at conclusions.

The Chinese typesetter has some 6,000 to 7,000 characters to remember, and to pick from.

The average woman gets more enjoyment out of a cry than a laugh.

## Business Good In West

Railways Show Evidence of Greatly Improved Conditions

If railroad traffic can be accepted as an index of basic conditions on the prairies of Western Canada the spirit of optimism is warranted. For two months the freight traffic on the railroads has been largely in excess of last year and forty per cent. heavier than was anticipated. In the operating department and the shops every class is employed, some, over time. The eastbound traffic can be accounted for in the movement of cattle, wool, fuel and grain, but the westbound traffic has been equally heavy. Large quantities of merchandise have been shipped from Eastern Canada this summer, including implements, dairy utensils, metals, paints, glass, hardware, stoves, furniture and a largely increased quantity of windmill equipment.

These shipments represent the products of many small manufacturers and some large ones all over Ontario and Quebec. Usually, the trend of freight movements on the prairies is eastward, eighty-five per cent. of traffic on the prairies is eastbound. This percentage has been largely reduced this summer.

In passenger traffic, there has not been since the war such a sustained business. This has not been confined to the big through trains but the locals, the "feeders," show an increase. The tourist traffic has been enormous. There isn't a hotel in the mountains that has not been crowded to the limit for two months and added to this heavy railway movement must be considered the huge number of autos passing over the prairies. There has never been anything like it and the sale of accessories for cars in the small towns and trail garages has been doubled in July and August, over the same period last year. Chiefly this has been foreign business, people from the United States passing through the Winnipeg gateway and moving on to the coast on the Canadian side.

Of special significance is the tendency on the prairies to purchase threshing machinery from Canadian factories.

## Creamery Production Grows

Saskatchewan Returns Show Big Increase Over Last Year

Creamery production in Saskatchewan for the first six months of 1922 shows an increase in quantity of 25.2 per cent. over the same period of 1921, according to a report prepared by Percy E. Reed, Dairy Commissioner for the province. During the period output was 6,316,000 pounds or an increase of 1,286,000 pounds over that of the first six months of last year.

One of the features of this year's business is the fact that the bulk of the increase is shown in the central and northern sections of the province whereas during the preceding three or four years the biggest development had been in the south.

## Russian Butter for England

Russian butter is about to enter the English market as a competitor of the Canadian product. Four war-on loads of Siberian butter recently arrived at Riga from Soviet Russia. They are the first of a total of 250 wagon loads which Russia proposes to export to England during the current year.—From the Farmers' Sun.

The art of manure is many centuries old, having had its birth in the dim old convents in France, where the patient nuns practiced it on the hands of the noble ladies brought up within their walls.

## New Name For Her

Jones—"What did you do with that old typewriter of yours?"

Bones—"Oh, I married her."—The Bits.

A fire truck has been invented which has an individual motor on each wheel.

## WESTERN EDITORS



S. C. Andrews, Editor and Proprietor of The Free Press, Alton, Alberta.

## Will Show Their Best

Saskatchewan Livestock Men to Exhibit Entries at Toronto Winter Fair

The stockmen of Saskatchewan, through the Saskatchewan Livestock Board, have definitely decided to send an exhibit of their best animals to the Toronto Royal Winter Fair and to the Chicago International Livestock Exposition, and plans are definitely under way to secure a good representation of the best animals in the province.

The Saskatchewan Livestock Commission has announced that the breeders propose to take advantage of the assistance offered by the Dominion and Provincial Governments to pay for transportation on show stock from Saskatchewan to Toronto and assistance in arranging and managing the exhibit and in transporting to the international and home again. Mr. Robertson states that selection committees have been appointed to secure the best in horses, cattle, sheep, swine, and poultry, and anyone in the province who has stock that he wishes to have considered, should write in at once to the Livestock Branch, Regina.

Entries for these shows should be in the hands of Mr. Robertson not later than October 20. It is proposed to assemble the exhibit at Regina at the time of the sheep and swine shows in that city which is being held on Nov. 6, 7 and 8. The exhibit will leave Regina for Toronto a day or two later in order to be there in good time and get a rest before the judging starts at the Royal. Having won several championships at the first Royal held last year, and having a very valuable record at the International in 1920 and 1921, the Saskatchewan breeders are determined to live up to their present excellent reputation and it is expected that a strong exhibit of horses and sheep will go forward as well as some excellent individuals in the other classes of livestock.

## Child Authors

Precocious Children Who Attained Fame at Early Age

Hilda Conkling, who, at the age of nine, published a volume of poems, "Shoes of the Wind," does not eat all records for precocious authorship. In 1896 a Chicago publisher issued a volume of fairy tales by a child of six, Myra Bradwell Helmer. This ran into three editions. Mrs. Alice M. Diehl claims in her "Reminiscences" to have published a book of poems, "Wild Spring Flowers," at the age of eight. It was compared by the "Literary Gazette" to Wordsworth.

A careful driver is one who can wear out a car without the assistance of a locomotive.

It is hard on a girl to marry a man whose mother was a good cook.

A good fighter manages to dodge a lot of trouble.

# Great Interest Was Shown In Canadian Exposition Train Which Has Been Touring France

On July 16th the Canada-France Exposition Train, consisting of some 30 specially constructed motor coaches containing samples of Canadian manufactured goods and products of field, mine, forest and river, left Havre on its three months' tour of France, the itinerary including stops at practically all important cities and terminating at Paris on October 5th next.

It is to Senator Charles Beaubien of Montreal that the credit for this moving exhibition of Canadian products must be given, and it is only after some years of constant work and propaganda that it was finally brought to fruition and the support of manufacturers, and the Canadian and French Governments secured. Interviewed on the subject, Senator Beaubien is reported from Havre to have said:

"I do not ignore the fact that the operation of this exposition in France will take some years to bring results. Without doubt the war, which left its mark on many European countries, depreciated the franc but in spite of that our exports to France are today superior by 100 per cent. to those of 1913, and at the end of its last fiscal year the United States had sold to France more than \$220,000,000 of merchandise. If, thanks to this exposition train, we succeed in doubling our trade with France, our efforts will have been worth while. Whatever the result, we will have brought about a novel propaganda in France which during six months will cause the name of Canada to be on the lips of Frenchmen in all parts of the Republic."

In a message from Premier the Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King to the French people, published in the French Press, he expresses Canada's pleasure at the co-operation of the French Government, in the following words:—"Canada, in sending an exposition to France, takes, with pleasure, the occasion to reply to the bonnie entente which exists between the two countries and to draw closer the bonds of friendship which unite them, entente and desire which was clearly demonstrated by the splendid exposition of French Arts and Industry which toured Canada in 1921.

It is the wish which this exchange of visits inspires, augments and reinforces the mutual respect and admiration consecrated during the war on French soil by the common sacrifice of our glorious armies, will not be lessened by the occasion which offers to make known to each of us the products of the two countries."

"It is good, therefore, that Canada, of all the countries of the earth, which has known how to unite the descendants of those valiant men and women who have remained loyal to the flags of France and Britain, and to make of their descendants a great nation, should now reinforce the bonds. "The English and French in Canada have united, in the national life of the country, all the best traditions, the highest courage and other qualities which have come down to them from their ancestors. Canada" was proud in 1921 to extend the warmest of welcomes to the French exposition train which visited the Dominion, and it is with the same spirit of friendship and perfect understanding that she now sends her exhibits to France."

The interest which the Canadian exposition train is creating in France is excellent. The public are thronging by the thousands to view the exhibits in the afternoon and by the tens of thousands in the evening. Pamphlets are being distributed, the natural resources of Canada explained, and everything possible done to convey to the French public a proper idea of Canada's greatness—what it is, and what opportunity she offers for settlement, trade and manufacturing.

At each point where the train stops the delegation is officially welcomed by

the civic authorities, there is a complimentary luncheon or dinner, a reception by the Chambre de Commerce and an official inspection of the exhibits.

Accompanying Senator Beaubien are Prof. H. Laurey, Director of the School of Higher Commercial Studies, Montreal; Dr. Amf. of Ottawa, Government expert on minerals; Mr. Georges Bouchard, M.P., Prof. of St. Anne de la Pessiere Agricultural School; and Lieut-Col. H. Barr, Canadian Commercial Agent at Paris. Thirty young Canadians, mostly students, are accompanying the train and giving their services free as lecturers.

At the conclusion of the tour the exhibits will be displayed in the Place de la Concorde, Paris, where the French Government have specially prepared a building in the Tuileries Gardens.

## To Secure Settlers

Co-Ordination of Publicity Work of Government and Railways

Plans for the co-ordination of the missionary and publicity work between the various agencies looking to the seeking of suitable immigrants and the repatriation of emigrants were discussed at a conference between Hon. James Robb, Minister of Immigration; W. D. Robb, representing the Canadian National Railways; Col. J. S. Dennis, representing the C.P.R.; and W. J. Black, Deputy Minister of Immigration at Montreal recently.

The reason for the conference was the fact that, particularly in the United States, the Canadian National and the Canadian Pacific Railways as well as the Immigration Bureau, were carrying out extensive propaganda and advertising work in the course of which a good deal of overlapping takes place. While no details were given out as to the exact arrangements that were made, it is understood at the close of the conference, which was held in camera, that arrangements had been made to prevent such overlapping in future, and to make the propaganda work of the railways and the government immigration agencies more co-ordinated and correspondingly more efficient.

## Counter For Typewriter

Detachable Device Records Number of Words Written

A detachable device recently made in England that may be put on any style of machine is a word counter which registers the number of words written as the typewriter keys are played. The invention takes the form of a T-bar which rests on the space bar. The operator of the typewriter strikes the T-bar at the end of each word and the machine spaces, at the same time recording the word number.

## The Irish Of It

It was during the dry spell and a shower having come up. Dr. Blank remarked to his gardener, "This rain will do a lot of good, Patrick." "It will that, sorr," returned Pat. "Shure an hour of it now will do more good in five minutes than a month of it would do in a week at any other time."

## The Feminine Viewpoint

Pauline—"Men are the most changeable creatures on this earth." Josephine—"What makes you think that, dear?" Pauline—"Well, only a fortnight ago I was desperately in love with Dick, and now I simply cannot stand him."

## Wider Irrigation Scope

It is announced that the Canadian Pacific Railway will increase the size of its irrigation headwaters at Kimball, in Southern Alberta, by 50 per cent. in anticipation of an increase in area of 40,000 acres in the Lethbridge district.

An invention for heating a wheelbarrow for winter cement work has been completed.



For the first time in history of Canadian Pacific Railway, a meeting of the Board of Directors was held in the West recently. They were photographed in Winnipeg after the meeting and are, left to right, Grant Trail, Vice President; F. W. Molson; Sir Herbert Holt; Ernest Alexander, Secretary; N. W. Tilley, K.C.; E. W. Deaky, President; J. K. L. Ross; and Sir Augustus Nanton.

**MURINE**  
FOR YOUR EYES  
Cleanses and Beautifies  
Write MURINE CO., CHICAGO  
For Free Book on Eye Care

**GIN PILLS**  
FOR THE KIDNEYS  
THE WORLD'S BEST REMEDY FOR ALL KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLE

# Harvest Tools and Threshers' Supplies

WE CARRY A FULL LINE  
Tractor Oils, Hard Oil,  
Lace Leather, Belting  
Feeder Forks, Oilers,  
Horse Blankets, Lan-  
terns, Granite Ware  
TOOLS OF ALL KINDS

## G.L. MORROW

Dealer in Hardware, Harness, Furniture  
IRMA, ALBERTA

### PROHIBITION THAT DOES NOT PROHIBIT A Verdict

WE know what the Towns and Cities of Alberta think of the effectiveness of prohibition; one word covers it, FAILURE.

WHAT IS THE VERDICT OF THE COUNTRY?

Grain Growers Guide, October 3, 1923, editorial, page 4:—

"For three years the prairie provinces have had as complete a system of prohibition as it seems possible to get at this time, and it has to be regretfully admitted that it has not given satisfaction as an enforceable law."

The whole editorial is Prohibitionist in sentiment, but frankly admits the failure of Prohibition. It hurts the Editor to say it, but he sees the facts and he is honest in admitting them.

There is just one sane alternative  
CLAUSE "D" AND GOVERNMENT CONTROL  
Vote "D" 1 and make it Fifty Thousand Majority  
Register! Register! Register!  
No Registration, No Vote!  
Issued by the Publicity Committee

Edmonton Branch, Moderation League of Alberta  
Agency Building, Jasper Ave., Phone 4385

## AMERICAN GRAIN BLOCKS ELEVATORS

Government Authorities make Blunders—  
Explanation of Congestion by  
Prominent Shipping Man

When the attention of Mr. J. W. Norcross, Vice-President of the Canada Steamship Lines, Ltd., on his return from New York, was directed to the article appearing in a Montreal paper last Friday to the effect that a blockade of the grain facilities of the Port of Montreal was to be expected, Mr. Norcross said that due to the fact that a considerable portion of the grain handling facilities of the port were occupied by American grain, which was not moving, that the movement of the Canadian crop would, undoubtedly, be severely handicapped.

Going somewhat into details Mr. Norcross said that the latest figures covering the stocks of grain in Montreal harbor showed that something in excess of 50 per cent of the facilities of the port were occupied by American grain held here for speculative or storage purposes, and he considered that this was inflicting a very serious injury upon the movement of the Canadian crop.

The rate of freight charged by Transportation Companies on the movement of grain depends, to a large extent, upon the despatch of time for loading and unloading which could be secured by steamers participating in the movement. This would be more plainly apparent when it was understood that steamers carrying grain had been unable to secure a demurrage clause in their charter parties, and it was, therefore, necessary for them to charge freight rates which would take care of any delays that they might experience at either loading or unloading ports. These conditions are not accepted voluntarily by the Water Transportation Companies, but on the other hand, they had been forced to accept it due to the fact that the grain shippers have stated that unless they know the ultimate cost of their grain when it reaches the ocean shipping port it is practically impossible for them to make a sale.

The Lake Transportation Companies now find themselves in the precarious position of making a freight rate for the movement of grain during the latter part of October and the month of November when they will be forced to operate under conditions of which they can have no accurate knowledge, and with the possibility of the Port of Montreal being blockaded by the movement of grain. It must be expected that the Steamship Companies could be blockaded at a rate of freight which will compensate them, for these delays which are expected to occur.

The argument of the proposed suspension of the Coasting Laws is that by participation of American steam-

ers in the movement of grain between Canadian ports that the supply of tonnage would be increased to the extent that the freight would be lowered. This view is incorrect. Mr. Norcross raised the question why have failed to move grain under the existing regulations, which, of course, would still apply under this proposed suspension.

Careful consideration should also be given to the fact that with the influx of an additional volume of shipping to the Canadian route a corresponding additional volume of grain would be poured into the route which would naturally increase the present congestion at the Port of Montreal, and thereby affect the despatch which steamers would secure at Montreal and Georgian Bay ports. With this additional volume of grain it is expected that the delay to steamers would materially increase and this would automatically increase the freight rate to take care of the delay.

Mr. Norcross drew attention to a dispatch just received from Cleveland to the effect that the fifteen steamers operated by the Cleveland Cliffs Company of Cleveland had been withdrawn from the Canadian grain trade and further stated that this would have a decided effect on the volume of grain which would be loaded at Port William and Port Arthur in American bottoms.

A review of the conditions surrounding the movement of the Canadian crop the time it reaches the country elevators until it is placed aboard the ocean steamers en route to an English or European market indicates very clearly the lack of any comprehensive scheme to market a commodity which is the most important that the Dominion of Canada produces.

The problem will not be solved without the most careful and intensive study of transportation experts and basty remedies which are suggested to meet the requirements of the immediate present, or to satisfy the desires of some particular section of the community, should be given the necessary, careful consideration before they are adopted.

The legislation recently enacted under the name of "Inland Water Freight Rates Act, 1923," is a striking example of the serious blunders which may be made by Government authorities even though they have the very best of intentions, when they are given the necessary, careful study with little, if any, knowledge of the subject under discussion.

## VIKING

F. W. Pilgrim who has been at Wainwright for the past month, is home for a few days. He has been wrestling bundles in the harvest fields at his brothers place.

Frank Watkins was the successful tenderer for the position of caretaker of the curling and skating rink, tenders being considered at a meeting of the rink association held Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gravert entertained a number of girls to a seven o'clock dinner in honor of their daughter Evelyn's fifteenth birthday. The table groined with the delicious things to eat. Evelyn received a number of pretty gifts.

One of our local weather prophets comes forward with the good news that there will be no cold weather until December 21st. He says that this fall resembles very much the fall of 1912 and it is on this that he bases his prophecy.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Hummel motored to Vegreville Sunday to visit Mr. W. Withers who is confined in the hospital there with one broken leg and a compound fracture of the other owing to an accident at the elevator in Laval.

The Edmonton Grads, Ladies basketball team won the first game of the championship series from the Warren, Ohio girls Tuesday evening by the score of 35 to 8. The Yanks better send along some better teams if they think they can take the championship home, that the Favorite Knits left in Edmonton.

The Women's Institute held a very pleasant monthly meeting last Wednesday afternoon. Another member was added to the list making our number 48. We have pledged a membership of 50 and expect to make the number. In November we will have a debate "A Clean cranky house, wife versus a dirty good natured one." We invite you to hear it. Hostesses for November, Mrs. M. Dillane, Mrs. Sullivan and Mrs. Streit.

The Sedgewick constituency of the Women's Institute held their fifth annual convention in Viking in the Community church October 16th, 1923. Others years conventions have been held in Strome, Sedgewick, Killam, and Loughheed and this was the only convention to fall on a bad day. The heavy rain the night before left the roads in such bad condition for motoring that a number of delegates were unable to be present.

The morning session, opened by singing community songs. Reports of Galahad and Killam were read, also minutes of 1922 convention and financial report.

A reading "The Minister's Black Nance," by Mrs. Waite, of Jarow, was very much enjoyed.

A report of publicity was given by Mrs. Neely and Tentative By-Laws and Constitution Fund by Mrs. Huyck.

The meeting then adjourned for lunch which was served in the United Christian church. After lunch some of the delegates and visitors took advantage of the opportunity to visit our hospital.

The afternoon session was opened by community singing. The Address of Welcome was given by Mrs. Goodwin and the reply by Mrs. Shannon.

Reports of Viking and Kinsella were read.

Mrs. Waite spoke on "Prohibition and also gave a reading, "Am I My Brother's Keeper?" A very hearty clapping of hands brought her back with "Aunt Jimmie's Courtship," which was enjoyed by all.

An excellent paper on "Friendship" was given by Mrs. Harvey after which the following officers were elected for next year:—

Constitutional Conventor, Mrs. H. Hillier; Conventor of Amalgamation, Mrs. Scott; Public Health and Child Welfare, Mrs. Harvey; Education and Better Schools, Mrs. Foster; Household Economics, Mrs. Bates; Canadianization, Mrs. Stover; Immigration, Mrs. Sommersall; Legislation, Mrs. Fraser; Publicity, Mrs. J. J. Stewart.

Reports of Argyle and Alliance were read, also a report on Child Welfare and Better Health written by Mrs. Storch.

Mrs. Huyck gave a splendid address on "Keeping Fit."

We were fortunate in having Miss Jessie McMillan, supt. of the Extension Service of Alberta who is who gave an instructive address dealing with the spirit of restlessness in the time in which we are living.

Mrs. Arland moved a vote of thanks to all who took part in making it a very successful conference. And Mrs. Huyck of Strome moved a very hearty vote of thanks to the Viking Women's Institute for their hospitality after which the session closed with the singing of the National Anthem.

Plans are going ahead for the Armistice banquet and ball to be held on Monday, November 12th. The banquet will be held in the King Edward hotel and will be attended by returned men and their wives and friends.

The Killam Harmony Four orchestra has been engaged to furnish music for the ball which will be held in Jensen's hall commencing at 9 o'clock. The general public are extended a cordial invitation to attend the ball, and as this is considered one of the outstanding social events of the year a large crowd is anticipated.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Collier, their daughter Phyllis and Mrs. Barker motored to Edmonton and spent the week-end.

Chester Gravert who has been ill for the past three weeks is able to be around again.

Judge Taylor presided over a session of district court here last Friday. Four cases were on the docket, three of which were returned.

Mrs. Beamish who spent the summer with her daughter, Mrs. J. A. Robinson, left last Saturday morning for Russell.

Mrs. Gossman expects to leave this week for Washington where she will live with her daughter Mrs. Kirsh.

Perry Jones and family of Trail visited Jas. Dayton's on Sunday.

## Dr. S. R. McGregor

Physician and Surgeon  
Day and night calls at office  
back of Drug Store.

## ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY No. 1036.

Royal Black Preceptory meets, on the last Thursday in each month in Larson's hall.  
J. W. Graydon, W. P.  
F. W. Watkinson, Reg.  
Dr. S. R. McGregor, Treas.

IRMA I. O. L. No. 2065  
Meet on the last Thursday in each month in Larson's Hall  
Visiting Orangemen Always Welcome.  
F. W. Watkinson, W. M.  
J. W. Graydon, R. S.  
Dr. S. R. McGregor, F. S.

H. W. LOVE  
REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE,  
LOANS  
IRMA, - - - ALTA.

MAP OF IRMA OIL FIELD  
showing locations of wells, elevations, etc., mailed to any address for \$1.00.  
McKAY TURNER CO.,  
514 Tegler Block, Edmonton.

H. V. FIELDHOUSE, K. C.  
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public  
At Irma every Thursday.  
For Special Appointment Phone  
No's 13 or 85 Wainwright.

## S. R. BOWERMAN AUCTIONEER

for the Province of Alberta,  
will be pleased to communicate with any person wishing to put on a sale. Have had 8 years experience. Write or phone at my expense.

ADDRESS PHONE NO. 86  
Wainwright :: Alberta

IF YOU INTEND HOLDING AN  
AUCTION SALE, OR HAVE  
CATTLE or HOGS to SHIP  
SEE ME

W. J. STUART,  
WAINWRIGHT, ALBERTA

For Sale dates in Irma district see  
R. J. Tate, Irma.

## Edmonton Rubber Stamp Co., Ltd.

Makers of  
RUBBER STAMPS & SEALS  
10118-102nd St., Edmonton

PURVIS & PILGRIM  
Barristers and Solicitors  
General Insurance  
MONEY TO LOAN

Irma, - - - Alberta

In Irma Every Saturday

## IRMA POOL ROOM and BARBER SHOP

SOFT DRINKS TOBACCO  
CIGARS, Etc.  
Agent for Snowflake Laundry.

## J. A. HEDLEY PROPRIETOR.

"Raw From Eczema  
Doctors Do Their Best"

"Forty years I suffered. One leg raw from toes to body. No living man could believe what I suffered. It was D.D.D. that relieved me, and for three years I haven't had a sign of eczema."

These words are taken from the letter of R. Garrett, Clontarf, Ontario, Mr. Garrett will answer any questions you care to ask him.

If you haven't tried the cooling, healing D.D.D. for skin disease we shall be glad to sell you a bottle today on our personal guarantee. \$1.00 a bottle. Try D.D.D. soon.

These words are taken from the letter of R. Garrett, Clontarf, Ontario, Mr. Garrett will answer any questions you care to ask him.

If you haven't tried the cooling, healing D.D.D. for skin disease we shall be glad to sell you a bottle today on our personal guarantee. \$1.00 a bottle. Try D.D.D. soon.

THE Lotion for Skin Disease  
THOS. J. DERMAN, Druggist

## Irma Cash Meat Market

### Wanted Live Poultry

AM ARRANGING TO SHIP A CAR LOAD  
OF POULTRY. CALL IN AND TALK IT  
OVER AND LEAVE THE NUMBER OF  
BIRDS YOU WISH TO DISPOSE OF.

## L. C. HATCH, Prop.

Irma, Alberta.

STAVE  
LOCK  
SILOS  
SCREEN  
DOORS  
&  
Window  
Screens



Tamarac  
FENCE  
POSTS  
7-8-14 &  
16ft.  
Lengths

## We Stack Up

—OUR LUMBER against that of any other dealer in the country as to quality and efficiency. No matter what high sounding phrases and adjectives others use in recommending their own stuff, we're there with real lumber minus the high price.

## Farmers Mutual Lbr Co

P. J. HARDY  
Manager  
IRMA, Alberta

## INVESTIGATION

shows that rentals consume between 15 and 20 per cent of the average wage earner's income. This is very important as history shows that social disorders increase when people are not properly housed.

### THE LOW COST OF BUILDING

ultimately prove the real solution of this situation. Prices for lumber have now reached such a low point that there is no reason why anyone should longer put off building.

### CALL AND SEE US FOR PRICES

Our yard is headquarters for everything in building material. Our experience is at your service and the class of material we carry is superior in every respect. Our Prices Are Right.

## "BETTER Lumber for Home Building"

Agents for BLACK DIAMOND COAL  
THE IMPERIAL LUMBER Co., LTD.

"Pioneer Lumber Dealers"

T. H. FLEMING, Manager.

IRMA, - - - ALTA.

## Alberta's Premier Jewelers

MAKES US YOUR JEWELRY HEADQUARTERS  
WATCHES, SILVERWARE, DIAMONDS, Etc.  
CUT GLASS, FANCY JEWELRY, CLOCKS, Etc.  
SEND US YOUR WATCH & JEWELRY REPAIRS  
EXPERT WORKMANSHIP, QUICK SERVICE

## H. B. Kline & Sons Ltd

10669 Jasper Ave. Next to Allan Theatre

DERMAN'S DRUG STORE, Local Agents

## Prescription for D.D.D. Eczema

THE Lotion for Skin Disease Soap

THOS. J. DERMAN, DRUGGIST



## CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

Sailings For All Steamship  
Lines Are Now Available

## Xmas and New Year in the Old Country

SLEEPING CARS

FROM VANCOUVER, EDMONTON, CALGARY, SASKATOON,  
REGINA, AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS, CONSOLIDATED AND

—OPERATING AS—

SPECIAL TRAINS  
WINNIPEG TO HALIFAX

## FIRST TRAIN

DEC. 6 From Winnipeg 9:50am  
Direct to Ships side for sailing  
ofS.S. "AUSONIA" DEC. 9th  
To Queenstown, Liverpool  
S.S. "DORIC" DEC. 9th  
To Belfast, Liverpool

## SECOND TRAIN

DEC. 11 From Winnipeg 9:50am  
Direct to Ship's side for sailing  
ofS.S. "PITTSBURG" DEC. 11th  
To Southampton, Cherbourg,  
Bremen  
S.S. "CANADA" DEC. 15th  
To Glasgow, Liverpool

## Through Tourist Sleeping Cars

## FOR FOLLOWING SAILINGS

S.S. Regina (Montreal) Nov. 24  
S.S. Antonia (Montreal) Nov. 24  
S.S. Ausonia (Halifax) Dec. 9  
S.S. Andania (Halifax) December 16

FULL DETAILS FROM ANY AGENT

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAY

## Here and There

In order to handle the grain this fall the Port William Out force of 360 elevator men will be increased to 700. From 120 to 150 grain trimmers will be employed.

For the five months to August, 1923, Canadian newspaper exports were valued at \$35,000,000 against \$27,257,382 for the same period in 1922. Pulp exports in the same period were valued at \$20,000,000 against \$16,075,533.

Grain loading on Canadian Pacific lines during the month of September totalled 26,376 cars or 38,245,200 bushels. This at the beginning of the loading season which was two weeks late this year on account of the retarded harvest.

This has been the greatest season for automobile tourists Montreal has ever experienced, according to the Secretary of the Automobile Club of Canada. Cars, which had come into the city over the King Edward Highway at the rate of two hundred a day, an unusual number from California, Florida, Carolina and Virginia being noticeable.

There was nearly \$150,000,000 increase in the total trade of Canada for the first five months of the current fiscal year, according to a return made by the Department of Customs and Excise. The total trade of the Dominion, according to the return, for the five months ending with August, was \$785,000,000, as against \$626,000,000 during the same period a year ago. Imports during the period were about \$382,000,000, as against \$303,000,000 a year ago, while exports of Canadian produce rose from \$316,000,000 approximately to \$386,000,000.

There is a heavy demand for bushmen, according to the Government Labor Bureau at Montreal. The big lumber companies have been engaging men for the bush, and the prospects are that the demand will be sufficient to make fall and winter conditions good. Wages paid this year by the lumber companies are higher than last year, the rates paid being \$40 and \$45 a month, whereas a year ago the schedule was down to \$25 a month.

With the completion of the harbor works now in progress, Montreal will be in a much better position in 1924 to handle a record flow of grain than ever before. Windmill Plant elevator will be increased by 1250, 600 bushels storage capacity, making its total capacity 3,250,000. Four additional shipping berths are being provided at this elevator and will be in commission early next month, and the elevator's loading capacity will be increased from 50,000 to 90,000 bushels an hour.

Reports to the Canadian Pacific Railway, show that the ship arrived at Winnipeg from the British Isles this year for the purpose of working on the harvest, 11,883 men. Special efforts are being made to find occupation for as many as possible to cover the winter period, and it is stated that it is now probable that a considerable number of these harvesters from Great Britain and the Irish Free State will remain in the Dominion.

Addressing a recent meeting of the Vancouver Board of Trade, President E. W. Beatty, of the Canadian Pacific Railway, announced that the company proposed immediately to add two large modern steamers to its coast fleet in order to take care of increasing tourist traffic over the company's coastal lines. He also announced the early completion of a new pier at this harbor at a cost of \$2,000,000, which has been made necessary by the steady development of Canada's trans-Pacific trade.

## Main Street

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. King are moving to Irma the first of the week.

Mrs. J. G. Clark has returned to her home at Clark Manor after spending most of the summer at Ottawa.

We understand that several local parties journeyed to Wainwright Thursday night to attend the U.F.A. convention and hear premier Greenfield.

We are sorry to report that Mr. Cecil Askin has not been as well the last few days as might be expected, but we hope the relapse is only temporary and that he will soon be able to leave the hospital again.

Threshing is still dragging along and it looks as if some of the crop will be caught with the snow, however with a couple of more weeks good weather most of the largest crop this part of Alberta has ever had will be successfully threshed.

Last Friday while threshing Mr. A. Blakeley had the misfortune to lose all his oat straw and most of his green feed by the which started in the straw pile. The threshing crew were able to save the separator before the flames reached it.

The C. N. R. officials have had the Irma depot wired for electric lights which will be connected as soon as the local plant is improved so as to be able to carry the extra load. The men doing the work at the station have certainly done a good job and the Irma depot will have the best illumination system of any on the line.

Nothing definite has been announced from any of the oil wells this week. The B. P. are reported to have set casing at about 2025 feet after passing through seventeen or eighteen feet of oil sand, it is understood that a test will be made and that considerable oil has accumulated in the hole.

Mr. A. C. Lipsett, travelling passenger agent for the C. N. R. was in Irma Wednesday interviewing prospective tourists who are contemplating making a trip to California this winter. Mr. Lipsett expects to be in town again at a future date and will be pleased to see and one wishing information as to rates or routing for any contemplated tours.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Walker who left Irma a year ago to reside near Calgary returned last night to resume their residence near Irma. We are glad to welcome the Walkers back to our district and hope others who have been contemplating moving to other parts will take Mr. Walker's advice and stay in a good district.

## CARD OF THANKS.

I take this opportunity of thanking my many friends and neighbors for the many acts of kindness shown me in the recent and bereavement.

Mrs. Angus McMillan.

## PROHIBITION MEETING—

A meeting will be held in Roseberry School next Monday night, Oct. 29th at 8 p.m. when the coming plebiscite will be discussed. An invitation is extended to everyone in the district to attend this meeting.

## WET OR DRY

Clauses A and D are clearly defined in the ballot, in the referendum next month. But there is something much more at stake than the marking of the preference between the four questions indicated.

The vote upon the principle of trafficking in liquor. In 1915 the people of the province voted against any further traffic in strong drink. It is true that liquor continued to be sold, but the traffic in liquor was discontinued. There were violations of the law and have been violations of the law ever since. But the people then decided that the liquor traffic as a traffic, was morally bad and commercially worse, and they decided to dispose of it.

The question at issue in the approaching referendum is whether or not we shall revive the traffic, and recognize it as part of our commercial life.

Moderationists are trying to make the public believe that they do not intend to revive the traffic but merely lessen the law breaking and improve conditions, and possibly they are making some of the electors believe this.

But the Moderationists are spending in this campaign thousands and tens of thousands of dollars. Who is supplying the money? The ordinary members of the Moderationist party who have joined the league are not supplying the tens of thousands of dollars. Every person knows who is supplying the money. The liquor interests are supplying the money—the money to revive the traffic but merely lessen the law breaking and improve conditions, and possibly they are making some of the electors believe this.

The people who voted out the liquor interests in 1915 and a thorough disapproval that the law is violated and because of that are thinking of voting against prohibition, should not overlook the issue.

The big issue is not whether there are to be bars or no bars, or whether the drinker shall sit down to drink or stand up to drink. The real issue is whether we in Alberta, who after years of painful experience, decided in 1915 to vote out the liquor traffic, will now reverse that decision and vote it back again. That is the one issue. —Western Farmer.

If you are holding an auction sale this fall, let The Times do your printing and advertising.

FOR SALE—Registered Yorkshire Boar, from good stock. Apply W. D. Ramsey Phone R709, Irma, Alta. 22-4p

GOSSARD

CORSETS

QUALITY  
MerchandiseBILLIE BURKE  
and EMERY  
DRESSES

## WOMANS UNDERWEAR—

For the woman who has been long-forging for Underwear like she used to get, the lovely Texture, weight and finish of these "Stanfield" Garments is going to be a welcome relief. Let us show you what splendid value they are.

Womans Stanfield Heavy Weight White Underwear in 2-piece style, a very warm and durable garment, per gar. Small sizes \$1.00, Large \$1.15

Womans Stanfield Combinations in a union yarn cream color, and very finely finished. They come in both opera style and short sleeve. A long wearing combination, extra value, 36-38 at \$2.95; 40 and 42 at \$3.25.

Womans Stanfield Pure Silk and Wool Combination which is different indeed from the usual silk and wool. A beautiful fine garment in opera style size 36 and 38 only, per garment \$4.25.

Womans Stanfield Wool Combination the beautiful Baton Wool, the fine finish and the splendid weight of this combination will surprise you. Outstanding value, 36 and 38 at \$5.25 40 and 44 at \$5.75 a garment.

## MEN—

ON OCTOBER 29th, Mr. Kellar will be here with a full line of the new "HOUSE of HOBBERLIN" Fall Cloths and models. Get a good new Suit.

SPARROW HAWK  
FINGERING  
YARNS

J. C. McFarland Co

"STANFIELD"  
UNDER-  
WEAR

## FOR SALE

Several span of good work horses cheap. Six milk cows coming fresh this winter. Three set double harness. Top buggy and set buggy harness. Two 16in. moly plows. Two 3 1/2-in. wagon with triple boxes. One spring tooth cultivator. One packer and several other implements too numerous to mention.

All of the above may be seen on Section 17-46-7-W4th, 5 miles north of Fabyan. Call and see what you want. Terms Cash. George W. Hess, Owner. 2t.

## NOTICE RE SOLD, IMPOUNDED ANIMAL.

Notice is hereby given under Section 48 of the Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities) that one black Poll Bull, no brand, was impounded in the pound kept by J. N. Carrington, located on the S. E. 28-46-8-W4th, on the 17th day of September, 1923, and that the said animal was sold on the 8th day of October, 1923, to Charles Savard, of Irma, Alberta, and that the said animal may be redeemed by the owner or on his behalf within a period of thirty days from the publication of this notice in The Alberta Gazette, upon payment of all fees and costs due to the municipality and the purchaser of said animal.

For information apply to the undersigned—R. J. TATE, Secretary-Treasurer of Municipal District of Battle River No. 423, Irma, Alta.

Those who have not paid their subscription to this paper are urged to do so this fall as soon as possible. It takes considerable money each week to keep the Times in circulation, and it is only with the co-operation of our readers that we can keep Irma and the surrounding district before the public as it should. A town without a paper is considered dead. Your immediate attention to this matter is very important.

## WHO IS SHE?

Widespread interest and comment is being caused throughout Canada by the amazing life story of "The wonderful Heroine" in the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal. The heroine of the story is a remarkably beautiful young woman of romantic and tragic history, whose picture in colors is being given free to subscribers of the Family Herald and Weekly Star. When one considers that the subscription price of this 72 page family and farm journal is only \$2.00 per year, one is amazed by the value received, but with a magnificent picture thrown in, the value is indeed superlative.

Lubricating Oils  
and Greases

WE NOW HAVE a Complete stock of the finest grades of Lubricating Oils and Greases, with best Wholesale and Retail prices on them all.

## E. L. Elford IRMA

FORD AND FORDSON DEALER

Cars in Stock at All Times

IRMA MOTORS

Irma, Alberta

## NOTICE

## To Leaseholders in Irma-Fabyan-Wainwright Field

WE ARE PREPARED TO GROUP AND PROTECT ANY LEASES ADJOINING. OUR HOLDINGS AND WOULD BE PLEASED TO HEAR FROM ANY ONE OWNING LEASES IN ABOVE FIELDS.

## Irma Oil Holdings, Ltd

Non-Personal Liability

IRMA,

ALBERTA

HAVE YOU RENEWED YOUR SUBSCRIPTION

## IRMA MARKET

(Subject to change without notice.)

No. 1	Wheat	72
No. 2		69
No. 3		64
2 C W	Oats	26
3 C W		23
4 C W		23
Track Data		20

## Stops Coughs, Colds

## Sore Throat in a Night

Think of a medicine so healing, so balsamic, and so effective, that every trace of cold and soreness goes before it.

"CATARRHO-ZONE" is so certain in catarrh, bronchitis, and every case is relieved promptly.

Experiment no longer necessary. It is guaranteed if you use CATARRHO-ZONE—a veritable death to catarrhal diseases, because it destroys their cause and remedies their effects.

Delightful and simple to use, quick to act, sure in results. Better get CATARRHO-ZONE today. Large bottle, sufficient for two months' treatment, price \$1.00; small size 50c. At all druggists. Refuse a substitute for CATARRHO-ZONE. By mail, from The Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.

## OPENING DOORS

—BY—  
ELINOR MARSDEN ELIOT  
Author of "My Canada" and Other Stories  
Published by Special Arrangement with the Author

(Continued.)

In some ways I was more fortunate than many soldiers' wives. Murray's assigned pay and my gratification allowance together were less than I had been earning for myself, but for the first year the Company sent Murray half-pay and so I managed nicely. After that I was a bit short for two or three months' and when Murray got his sergeant's stripes I breathed more easily. I had drawn on Mother's Haily Day Fund when the babies came, but I had a feeling that it must not be touched except in an emergency.

Of course I was often told of women much better off than I who got money from the Patriotic Fund, but I felt that I asked for help while I could make both ends meet, and was taking money from women whose need was perhaps greater than mine. When the time came a year or so, I thought seriously of going back to work. But one night, while I was still undecided, Rupert came in and told me that he had two cases of measles on his hands. So I concluded that my vocation was to bring up two children and keep a household, and I put the temptation away from me for all time. A few weeks before this Mrs. Robertson's marriage by-the-day had been married, and so I asked Grandma if she would let me help her with her household and in return for a part of my rent. She agreed, and the new arrangement was eminently satisfactory. It was not that I did not dare to tell Murray about it. I did most of the heavy work. It was only what I hoped to do in a house of my own some day. But I was not going around with a perpetual smile. "It is just like having a daughter in the house again," she said, and felt beautifully independent, for the Robertsons had never allowed me to pay them what I knew my comfortable home was worth.

## CHAPTER FIVE

Murray went back to the front in August of 1915. And the next April he was reported missing. How I should have lived through the next few weeks, had it not been for my babies. I do not know, they took so much of my time and attention and I had to keep strong for them. And I was not alone in my anxiety, for it seemed as if every one I knew had referred to. The Robertsons had lost two grandsons at Vimy, three of the boys of my old circle had been killed since the New Year, and another one blinded. Maudie's young brother had lost a leg, and Mrs. Stevenson's son was a prisoner. The woman near

## MRS. MISENER'S AGES AND PAINS

Vanished After Using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

"Branchton, Ont.,—When I wrote to you for help my action was mostly prompted by curiosity. I wondered if I, too, would benefit by your medicine. It was the most profitable action I have ever taken, and I assure you, for through its results I am relieved of most of my sufferings. I have taken six boxes of Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Medicine, and I can honestly say I have never been so well before. I had suffered from pains and other troubles since I was fifteen years old, and during the 'Great War' period I worked on munitions for two years, and in the heavy lifting which my work called for, I strained myself, causing pelvic inflammation from which I have suffered untold agony, and often had to give up and go to bed. I had doctored for several years without getting permanent relief, when I started to take your medicines. —Mrs. G. W. MISENER, Branchton, Ont."

Write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Cobourg, Ontario, for a free copy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Treatise on "Ailments of Women." O

W. N. U. 1492

door had three sons in France, and one of them was reported wounded and missing at the same time as Murray.

It always makes me angry to hear people talk as if Canadian women had nothing to bear during the war. Of course we were in no physical danger, and if food was dear it was at least plentiful, we did not have to put growing children on rations. But surely it was not a little cruel that we were so far from our men. One would wait for the postman each morning, half-sick with fear. If a letter came, all looked bright for a few minutes, then would come the realization that the news was three weeks old, and God alone knew what might have happened in the interval. The English women saw their men when they were wounded, and could visit them when they were in hospital. And there was so much actual warwork they could help work that must have lessened the strain as nothing else could do. As for the air raids, well, I have a picture of them in my head, and the elderly Londoners who welcomed the raids because, as he explained it, they made him feel as if he were shooting the bomber of the men at the front, and not merely living in safety because of their sacrifice.

Six weeks after my first message came I received a second one. Murray was a prisoner. To know that he was alive was something, but we heard such awful stories. Murray says I must forget such things. A few days later there came a card from Murray himself and then a letter. He had been ill, he said, but was growing stronger, and was very fond of the Red Cross boxes. The prisoners' letters were very strictly censored, but how I craved news of the things I most wished to know. For two years and a half I lived on these letters, torturing myself as I tried to read between the lines, wondering if the writing was steady as it should be, or if it showed physical weakness and nervous strain. The letters were always the same—he was feeling fine, the Red Cross boxes were coming regularly. I must take care of myself and the twins and not worry about him. I must take it "you some day," he wrote more than once. With variations on this theme I had to content myself, and was acutely aware for a hungry heart. There were days when everything I ate seemed to choke me, as if I wondered if Murray were hungry and perhaps ill. But I did try to be brave, and to keep myself strong for whatever the future might bring.

After the twins were a year old I went out as much as possible. Every day, unless it was very cold or very wet, we had our walk. Rupert used to take group, once in a while, but there was never anything wrong with Nicolas. He used to walk as far as the same time, and to see them comforting each other after a tumble was the sweetest thing I saw. But, true to tradition, Nicolas talked his way very plainly, for a long while Rupert was merely her echo.

When they were two years old, and again the next summer, I took them with me to Manitow, where a cousin of Murray's lived. It was a beautiful place, for Nicolas insisted upon having something to feed to them every time they went. They were very tame, a beautiful pale coffee color, and I used to wonder if I should ever get them home again. As for Nicolas, he was very sublimely until it pelted, for she was very funny and she could never be persuaded to wear a bonnet. After a vain effort to keep them tidy in their city clothes I put them both into blue jeans, to their complete happiness and my own relief.

Out on the quiet farm, with Cousin Margaret to mother me, I was happier myself. The war that one could never forget in the city seemed far away and like a dream, and sometimes I was almost able to convince myself that Murray was safe and well as he professed to be. I learned to make butter and bread and even to milk. And Cousin Margaret and I talked and talked, and she shared with me never for a moment thought me foolish for marrying Murray before he was married and she shared my firm belief that the twins were worth all they had cost me. She had three children, all away from home. John, the only son, who was lame from an accident, was married and living on a farm not far from the old home. Madge too was married and living in Saskatoon, while Edith, who had been my chum in the old days, was nursing in France. Mr. Campbell, at an age when most well-to-do farmers think of retiring, was running the big farm himself, with such assistance as could be given him by two returned men who had worked for him before they enlisted and who were only fit for what they called light duty. They certainly did not earn their wages, but Cousin Margaret used to say, "What is a fair price, and it is all we can do to help."

At home my days were very full, though one was much like another. It may be taken for granted that with a house to look after and two active children to feed and clothe and keep clean, I had little time for the sort of work that less busy women were doing. Grandma was growing very frail, but her clever old hands were never idle, and it took two of the girls from the office to keep her supplied with wool for the socks she made to sew and knit and pack boxes, and to exchange the news from overseas letters. My old circle had been very much broken up. The Middle girls were in France and one in Egypt. Maudie had gone into her father's office and was very free in the evenings. Julia Ellen and Kathleen—Mummers were doing V.A.D. work in England. And Elsie Panshawe had married one of the Harland boys and gone to live with his people while he was away—he transferred to the Imperials in '17 and was killed in Mesopotamia. But those of us who were left saw as much of each other as possible, and we

found many bits of inconspicuous work to do.

## CHAPTER SIX

Murray did not come home until August of 1918, although he was one of the first prisoners to reach England. It was only in his first letter from London that I learned what had really happened to him, that he had been a quiet body passed at the time he was taken prisoner. As a result of that, and of untimely food, he had for months suffered from an ulcerated stomach, and there was some fear that his lungs also were affected.

"I wish they'd sent me home," he wrote, "one of the sisters tells me that their father and the Old Agricultural College are both military hospitals now, and it would be great to be within reach of my family. But to tell you the truth, then in pretty rotten shape just now, and I think I had better content myself here until I am more presentable. We have a Monaghan doctor who is supposed to be able to make a new stomach out of an old one water bottle, he wants to operate, but I am what they call under observation at present. Major Alder says if they let him have his way I'll be eating lobster salad in six months, so you see there is nothing in worry about, Margaret Anne."

Major Alderhead did operate and Margaret Anne did worry. But two weeks later there came a letter from the Winnipeg Sister, with a shakily-written postscript from Murray himself, to say that the operation had been very successful, and that I might begin home-sitting at once, as I was going to have a perfectly good new hand before long. But the house was ready, before the husband was, Murray's convalescence was slower than either of us had expected. And I shed my last tears for many a day over a snapshot of the Sister sent a month later, though I am glad it had to be prepared for me that man who came back in the place of the boy who had gone.

After two weeks of intensive cultivation of Real Estate agents I rented a cottage near the river on Parkview Street. Rent was a scandalous height, the places I could afford were all undesirable in one way or another, and those I liked were too expensive for me. I really took the cottage on Parkview Street because of its having a garden, and a screened veranda at the side of the house instead of facing the street. It was not a bad bit of luck, though the rooms were tiny and the kitchen chimney was exceedingly temperamental, and the kiddie, and I had a lovely little "getting ready for Daddy." Every one in Winnipeg was "house-hunting" that summer, it seemed, some who had been "house-hunting" or "house-hunting" relatives were like myself, preparing for the return of their men, and I soon concluded that I had been lucky to find a satisfactory home.

I was fortunate, too, in having so "le furniture to buy, for furniture prices had risen in a most extraordinary way. Mother's nice old things gave quite an air to the place, and those I liked were too expensive for me. I really took the cottage on Parkview Street because of its having a garden, and a screened veranda at the side of the house instead of facing the street. It was not a bad bit of luck, though the rooms were tiny and the kitchen chimney was exceedingly temperamental, and the kiddie, and I had a lovely little "getting ready for Daddy." Every one in Winnipeg was "house-hunting" that summer, it seemed, some who had been "house-hunting" or "house-hunting" relatives were like myself, preparing for the return of their men, and I soon concluded that I had been lucky to find a satisfactory home.

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Fill your pipe with  
**GODDEN'S CUT PLUG**  
"It Satisfies"



If you roll your own, ask for **GODDEN'S FINE CUT** (green label)

condition of course could not be hidden. He was thinner than I had thought it possible for a person to be, and he looked very nervous. But I soon learned that he was actually nervous, and not really depressed—he who had been a soldier, and the grey in his hair and the look of strain in his eyes almost broke my heart. He was a little I could not tell him, for he tried to hide his weakness, but I kept what Father used to call "a sick puppy" and I followed him as closely as was tactful our old doctor's advice regarding diet and rest and amusement.

After Murray went back to the office he seemed to improve, but there were days when I could tell that his nerves were tense to the breaking point, and nights when neither of us slept and I had to talk to him and comfort him as if he were Rupert awakened from a bad dream. And worse even than the wakeful nights were the nights when he would talk in his sleep, sometimes shouting to his platoon, and sometimes whispering broken sentences that made my blood run cold—were the awful things he saw the faces of a sick man, or had he lived with such horrors until Nature could bear the burden no longer?

One thing that other wives told me about I never experienced. Murray was never impatient nor irritable, sometimes I used to wonder how he could be so patient and so kind, and so in so far as he could control himself he was his old self. And that tremendous will-power was what is going to pull him through, the doctor would tell me. Sometimes he would even show for a few minutes his old gaiety, and I think in his four-year-old heart and took courage. So long as he wanted me all the time and could still see the many side of things I could face the future.

Rupert held back for a day or two after Murray came home. Very often he would come to me with the photograph that had been "Daddy" ever since he learned to talk, and I think in his four-year-old heart and took courage. So long as he wanted me all the time and could still see the many side of things I could face the future.

With Nicolas the procedure was quite different. She had always been a softest hearted little mite, born to mother the rest of the world, and as even a child could see what Murray needed he appealed to her protective instincts. She was a little bit neglected, and even the three-legged kitten she had adopted lost its charm. I used to think that she was a little bit too susceptible, but as she promised to be as great a tomboy as her mother I trusted that her extreme sensitiveness would be balanced by her healthy little body. "I am my Daddy's little nurse," she would say. "He is not a soldier, he is a doctor, so I can sit on him if I like, but he is very tired all over."

## CHAPTER SEVEN

The winter of 1918-20 was in many ways a very happy one. The children were well throughout the season, and as a woman who lived across the street was always glad to sit with them in the evenings I was able to go out with Murray whenever we wished. I suppose some of my friends thought I needed the twins, but I was sure that Murray needed me most. Even before I was married I used to notice that he would come out with his hands first, and some of his children, and I used to hope that if I ever

acquired a div possessions I should be able to divide myself with geometrical exactness. I think I succeeded, at any rate, neither Murray nor the babies seemed to have a grievance. And in the light of after years I have no doubt that I was right. We might, I suppose, have saved the money we spent on amusements, but in that case we should have had fewer pictures in our memory gallery. And we had a great deal of company, our friends, and in a whom Murray had known overseas. For two years that there were times when I wanted nothing so much as to have Murray and one thing I had resolved that our home must be "Open House" in the good old-fashioned way.

My very happiest times were the evenings when Murray and I sat alone, after the children had gone to bed, and talked and talked, building up the air-castles we had planned separately for so long. Murray expressed promotion soon, and a substantial increase in his salary, but he resolved to live as simply as possible for a few years, so that when the children were older we might build a home for ourselves. It was to be well out of the city, with land enough for a good-sized garden, and we would get chickens, and perhaps a Ford!

(To be continued)

The most valuable collection of postage stamps belongs to a Frenchman, and is said to be worth nearly a million dollars.

Lots of men pray for things they wouldn't be willing to work for.

Probably the top round of the ladder exists only in the imagination, as nobody has succeeded in reaching it.

American doctor says that soap is a deadly foe to leprosy. Strange that more small boys aren't affected with leprosy.

Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache	Rheumatism
Toothache	Neuralgia	Neuritis
Earache	Lumbago	Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada of Bayer Manufacture of Monocarbonyl-acetic acid, which has been found to be the most effective and safe substance for the relief of pain. Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."





## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

With the arrival of 40 more Menonites, as many Menonites will have been brought to Western Canada this year as left it for Mexico.

Nakichi Matsumaga, who succeeds T. Ohts, as Japanese Consul-General to Canada, has taken over his official duties.

Hon. Charles Henry Tait, who accompanied Lord Robert Cecil to Geneva for the League of Nations conference, is dead.

Discovery of a hitherto unknown city in Thessaly has been officially reported. A large number of relics have already been unearthed.

An urgent Japanese imperial ordinance provides for the immediate appropriation of 100,000,000 yen to relieve pressing necessities of thousands of homeless earthquake sufferers.

A demand for the overthrow of the French mandatory government in Syria is made in a resolution adopted by a congress of Arabs of Syria and Palestine.

The London Daily Express parliamentary correspondent says that Sir Auckland Geddes' health will not permit him to return to his ambassadorial duties at Washington.

General Gaetano Giardino, military governor of Fiume, has expelled 4,000 unemployed from Fiume as to save the large sums the Government has been spending on doles.

A shortage of nearly £7,000,000 in the result of the operations to convert the seventh war loan raised in Australia in 1918 and which matured in September, was met out of the general treasury balances.

Greetings from Creston, B.C., to the Prince of Wales in his Canadian home were sent in the shape of selected apples, pears, peaches, canteloupes, etc., with the compliments of the Creston Board of Trade.

Many Peace River settlers are reported impoverished and disgusted over lack of railway facilities, although still clinging to the hope that the Canadian National or the Canadian Pacific Railway will be built through their country.

Most of the barns in Ontario are well filled this year, as the crop of hay was one of the best for many seasons and the yields of grains have been on the whole satisfactory, says the report of the Department of Agriculture.

## MRS. HARVEY DISHMAN



## THE APPEALING CHARM OF HEALTH AND BEAUTY!

London, Ont.—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription proved very beneficial to me as a tonic and nerve. After motherhood I was very weak and could not regain my strength. I did not appear to have any blood, but after taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for a short time my health and strength came back. I heartily recommend Favorite Prescription to all weak and ailing women. Mrs. Harvey Dishman, 184 Rectory Street.

Your health is most important to you. It's easily improved. Just ask your nearest druggist for this Prescription of Dr. Pierce's in tablet or liquid form, or send 10c to Dr. Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeburg, Ont., for a trial pig. Tablets Write Dr. Pierce, President Invalids Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., if you want free medical advice.

W. N. U. 1492

## Simple Incident Led to Discovery How Idea Was Obtained For the Self-Righting Lifeboat

A man named Wouldhave was out walking one day when he was asked by an old woman to help her lift a can of water, which she had filled by means of a broken wooden bowl. The bowl was floating on the surface of the water, and as he talked to the woman, Wouldhave turned it over with his finger. It immediately righted itself. Amused by its antics he repeated the performance; then it struck him that he had made a wonderful discovery. The result of his chance meeting was the self-righting lifeboat, which was designed by him on the lines of the broken bowl.

What he had discovered was that anything made of floating material and shaped like one-half of a basin could float only with its convex surface downwards. A bowl made on these lines cannot remain upside down for more than an instant when it is turned over by a heavy sea.

## Women's Ailments Caused by Neglect

Proper Treatment Will Quickly Bring Back Robust Health and Good Spirits

Because of their mildness of action no medicine for women can compare with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. The kidneys quickly respond to the remedial action of Dr. Hamilton's Pills and the result is no longer expectorated in the back and side, shortness of breath and bad color disappear—the function of the body then operates normally, congestion and pain are prevented and perfect health returns. Get Dr. Hamilton's Pills today. 25c at all dealers.

**Indian School for Kamloops**  
The Department of Indian Affairs have awarded a contract for the construction of a large Indian school at Kamloops, to cost in the neighborhood of \$50,000.

## HAVE YOU ANY OF THESE SYMPTOMS?

If You Have, You Are in Need of a Tonic Medicine

Are you pale and weak, easily tired and out of breath on slight exertion? Are you nervous? Is your sleep disturbed? Do you wake up in the morning feeling as tired when you wake to bed? Is your appetite poor, your digestion weak, and do you have pains after eating?

If you have any of these symptoms you need a tonic, and in the realm of medicine there is no better tonic than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which enrich the blood, restore shattered nerves and bring the glow of health to pale cheeks. The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is shown by the case of Mr. George C. Carey, of New York City, N.Y., who says: "The first indication that my general health was not good was a shortness of breath after the least exertion. Then my appetite began to fall, and after eating it seemed as if there was a lump in my stomach. I grew so weak that I could not walk a hundred yards without resting. Then I was taken with a numbness over my body. I took a cold and a slight. I was under a doctor's care, but as I was not getting better, I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The first few boxes did not seem to help me but my wife urged me to continue their use and I got four boxes more. Before these were gone I could eat a fair meal, the numbness was leaving me and I was feeling much better in every way. I took the pills for a while longer, and felt that I was again a well man. I still take the pills occasionally, but have had no return of the old trouble."

You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 60 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Man's Bad Habit

Selects Wrong Combinations of Food and Eats Too Much

A writer on agricultural subjects says that experiments prove that if different foods are placed before pigs they will select those best for them and eat no more than is good for them. Men haven't that much intelligence; under similar circumstances they will eat too much, and select wrong combinations. I have an intense longing for food not good for me, and certainly millions of others have. The fault is with our ancestors; they not only had bad habits, but transmitted them to us. How long the effects of bad habits punish the wretch known as man! And we are preparing a dose for our successors that will cause them to curse us as we now curse the Greeks and Romans.—E. W. Howe's Monthly.

A man never reaches the highest degree of contentment until he becomes perfectly indifferent, and then he has nothing to live for.

A new gunpowder has been invented which is not only smokeless, but also flashless and waterproof.

London was known to have had only six minutes of sunshine in seven consecutive days.

Minard's Liniment for Headache

## Women Can Dye Any Garment, Drapery

Dye or Tint Worn, Faded Things New for 15 Cents



Don't wonder whether you can dye or tint successfully, because perfect home dyeing is guaranteed with "Diamond Dyes" even if you have never dyed before. Druggists have all colors. Directions in each package.

## Two Valuable Recipes

### One Egg Cake

1 cupful Borden's St. Charles Milk, diluted with 1 cup cold water.  
1 cupful vegetable cooking oil, scant.  
2-3-cupful sugar.

1 egg.  
1/2 teaspoonful salt.

1 1/2 teaspoonfuls baking powder.

1 1/2 cupfuls sifted flour.

1/2 teaspoonful vanilla.

1/2 teaspoonful lemon extract.

Beat the egg light and cream it with the sugar, salt and flavoring. Combine the milk, diluted, with the cooking oil. Sift together the dry ingredients and add them alternately to the first mixture with the milk. Beat thoroughly, turn into a lined, medium sized pan and sprinkle nut meats, chopped raisins or coconut over the top. Bake in a moderate oven for thirty minutes.

### Strawberry Short Cakes

2 cupfuls flour.

2 teaspoonfuls baking powder.

1 teaspoonful salt.

2 rounding tablespoonfuls butter.

2 rounding tablespoonfuls granulated sugar.

1 cupful Borden's St. Charles Milk, undiluted.

Sift all the dry ingredients together, work in butter, as you would for pie crust, add the milk, beat with spoon (it will be very stiff) and bake 20 minutes in an oblong pan. Split the cake with a hot knife, butter the two sides and put them together with two quarts of strawberries which have been cut into small pieces, sweetened and allowed to stand before placing on cake.

## Bottle Makes Round Trip Across Atlantic

Drifted Back to Starting Point Before Being Picked Up

A remarkable drift of a bottle which voyaged half-way across the Atlantic Ocean and all the way back before being picked up is reported by the United States Hydrographic Office. It was thrown overboard from the Italian steamer Dante Alighieri when about 700 miles E. N. E. of Bermuda on April 19, 1921, and picked up recently on Barbuda Island, British West Indies.

Barbuda Island is about 1,300 miles southwest of the point where the bottle was thrown over, but from what is known of the ocean currents, the bottle did not make anything like a direct journey. It is believed to have drifted eastward nearly to the African coast before being caught in the southerly and westerly drift which carried it back across the whole width of the ocean.

## Very Hopeful

Mrs. S. Y. Z.—"I understand that your practice is getting bigger."

Young Doctor.—"That's true. My patient has gained nearly two pounds in the last month."—Tit-Bits.

## A Corrector of Pulmonary Troubles.

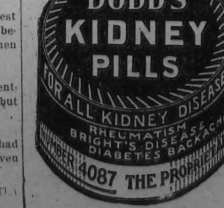
Many testimonials could be presented showing the great efficacy of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in correcting disorders of the respiratory processes, but the best testimonial is experience and the Oil is recommended to all who suffer from these disorders with the certainty that they will find relief. It will allay inflammation in the bronchial tubes.

## An Old Story

Youngster, at night—"Daddy, I want a drink."

Daddy—"Oh, go to sleep. I've wanted one for two years."

All big cities of Holland may soon adopt complete automatic telephone systems.



## Claims Scheme Is Success

Lord Leverhulme Says Workers Profit By Co-partnership

Co-partnership schemes which were strongly criticized recently by the Trades union congress as impairing trade union solidarity have lamentably failed to fulfill the promoters' hopes of a few years ago. It is admitted, however, that others have failed. Viscount Leverhulme claims to have brilliantly succeeded. In the course of a speech in London he stated that 16,000 employees of Lever Brothers' works at Port Sunlight held £2,500,000 preferential share certificates, an average of 128 apiece.

Dividends were paid to hundreds of employees according to their lordship, of over thirty shillings a week, not to mention free life insurance policies totalling £1,000,000.

In Brazil, 18,000 persons a year are bitten by poisonous snakes, and 4,000 die.

## Babies Cry For "Castoria"

Prepared Especially for Infants and Children of All Ages

Mother! Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 30 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil. Paregoric, Teething Remedies and Soothing Syrup. Contains no narcotics. Proven directions are on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

The genuine bears signature of

Wm. H. Fletcher.

## Radio Stations In North

Wireless Communication from Yukon to Alberta Is Promised

Wireless communication between Dawson City and Mayo is promised by the Department of Defence by the end of the year. An official of the department is en route to Dawson City where he will erect the first wireless station. Next year it is proposed to continue the erection of a chain of radio stations in the Mackenzie Valley, connecting Dawson station and thus giving wireless communication from the Yukon to Alberta via McMuray.

## CHOLERA INFANTUM A FATAL DISEASE OF CHILDREN

Cholera infantum or summer complaint of children is one of the most dangerous bowel complaints during the summer months.

It begins with a profuse diarrhoea, the stomach becomes irritated, very often vomiting, and the matter excreted from the stomach has a bilious appearance. The child rapidly loses flesh, is soon reduced to languor and prostration, and in a great many cases death ensues.

Mother, if any of your children become sick with cholera infantum do not endanger their health, perhaps their life by experimenting with some new and untried remedy; get one that has stood the test of time: one that has been the constant friend of the mother and the doctor for the past 74 years.

Mrs. W. A. Harrison, 10 Elevator Court, Halifax, N.S., writes:—"Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry saved the lives of three of my children when all other remedies failed. I have been using it for years, and it has been the constant friend of the mother and the doctor for the past 74 years."

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Mrs. W. A. Harrison, 10 Elevator Court, Halifax, N.S., writes:—"Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry saved the lives of three of my children when all other remedies failed. I have been using it for years, and it has been the constant friend of the mother and the doctor for the past 74 years."

Large Sum From Poultry Progress Last year the total value of poultry products in the United States was \$884,000,000, about as much as the total value of the wheat crop. Perhaps that is nothing to crow about, but it does suggest a busy farmer's wife and a vast amount of determined hope.

When Asthma Comes do not despair. Turn at once to the help of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. This wonderful remedy will give you the aid you need so sorely. Choking, coughing, breathlessness, natural and without effort. Others, thousands of them, have suffered as you suffer but have wisely turned to this famous remedy and caused to suffer. Get a package this very day.

## Overweight Wheat

The first car of this season's wheat arriving in Calgary weighed 63 pounds to the bushel, and graded number 1 northern. As the standard weight is 60 pounds, this is taken as an excellent omen that Alberta wheat this year will maintain its high reputation. The car was shipped from Skiff, east of Lethbridge, Alberta.

There now are about 23,000 varieties of postage stamps in existence and if variations in shade, paper and perforation are included, between 35,000 and 40,000.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Colds



## Has Faith In Canada

President Beatty, of the C.P.R., Has Always Been Backer of This Country

President Beatty's important duties keep him so busily engaged in Montreal that Western Canada gets few opportunities of meeting him. His occasional statements on questions of public consequence and his frequent appearances before the public allow the western people their sole glimpses of those qualities which induced the Board of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to elect him to that corporation's highest executive position.

Mr. Beatty's public utterances are distinguished by three principal characteristics. They are lucid. They are restrained. They are courageous. The latter quality marked the speech he delivered while in London during the summer. The Canadian Pacific president arrived in London when a section of the British press was scolding and threatening Canada for its action in relation to the Grand Trunk. With the merits of that dispute Mr. Beatty did not mix. However, he boldly intimated to the British public that if Canada meant as much to the British Empire as the British Empire meant to Canada the threats of withdrawal of British capital from this Dominion would not be continued.

The second characteristic, restraint, was finely exemplified in President Beatty's recent statement in reply to the Montreal Star's attack upon the Canadian Pacific in relation to the setting of that railroad's lands. His answer to that was an overwhelming array of facts and statistics, and a reasoned, quiet and convincing denunciation of the railroad company's past actions and present position.

The first, and most valuable distinction attaching to Mr. Beatty's public statements, whether in the press or on the platform, lucidity, is present in all of his utterances. One simply constructed sentence follows another. There is never any doubt as to the exact meaning of each of them.

President Beatty is, moreover, always a "backer of Canada." He never attempts to diminish the seriousness of bad news. If they exist, but he retains the confidence in this great country which inspired the Donald Smiths, the George Stephens, the Van Hornes, the Shaughnessys and other pioneers of the Canadian Pacific and of Canada. He is not swept away by temporary adverse influences, strong as those may be, for the time being. From the record of the past and the achievements of the present he has learned to have faith in Canada.—Calgary Herald.

## Capture Snakes for Serum

Antidote to Poisonous Bite Prepared by Amsterdam Scientists

In Boise, Idaho, rattlesnakes are being caught for dispatch to Amsterdam, and as a party of men capture them with forked sticks in a narrow creek they put them in a case. When the case contains as many snakes as can live comfortably in it, it is fastened down ready to be shipped.

Scientists in Amsterdam are using the snakes to prepare a serum which will act as an antidote to snake bite. This serum will be largely used in India where thousands of people are bitten yearly by poisonous reptiles.

## Arctic Terns Make Long Trip

Probably Arctic terns, which are a kind of sea gull, make the longest annual trip of any bird. These birds migrate annually from Patagonia in extreme Southern South America to Alaska, which is nearly half-way around the globe. It is interesting to note that the climate of Alaska is similar to that of Patagonia, which shows that birds do not seek a better climate.

## Minard's Liniment for Corns

A penny-in-the-slot automatic elevator has been devised. The passenger inserts a coin, enters the car, and presses the button on the floor to which he or she wishes to ascend.

## Highway Projects

Over 785 Miles Projected This Year in Six Provinces of the Dominion

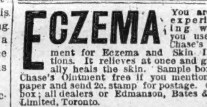
Up to the end of August this year, a total of 80 highway projects in six of the provinces of the Dominion, totalling over 785 miles, and involving a total expenditure by the provinces concerned of \$9,336,373, has been accepted by the Canada Highways Commission. Ontario had 14 projects, totalling 160 miles accepted; Quebec, 6, totalling 110 miles; Prince Edward Island, 19, for 166 miles; Nova Scotia, 29, for 275 miles; Saskatchewan, 1, for about 3 miles; and British Columbia, 11 projects for a total of 130 miles.

Worms in children. If they be not attended to, cause convulsions and often death. Mother Graves' Worm Extirminator will protect the children from these distressing afflictions.

## Big Fortunes From Small Inventions

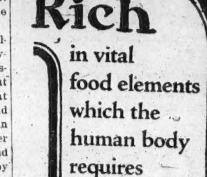
Many big fortunes have come from small inventions. For instance, a man made a can with a seam just below the top. When the can was to be opened it was only necessary to strike the top and it came off. A Chicago parking house ordered ten millions as an experiment, and the idea worked so well that the inventor made a big fortune.

During recent excavations at Pompeii, safety-pins were discovered resembling those in use at the present time.



## MONEY ORDERS

Dominion Express Money Orders are on sale in five thousand offices throughout Canada.



## Borden's ST. CHARLES MILK

Free Recipe Book Write the Borden Co., Limited, Montreal.

## Keep Stomach and Bowels Right

By giving baby the harmless, purely vegetable, infants' and children's evacuator.

## MRS. VINSLAW'S SYRUP

brings astonishing, gratifying results in making baby's stomach digest food and bowels move as fast as they should at teaching time. Guaranteed free from narcotics, opiates, alcohol and all harmful ingredients. Safe and harmless.

## Be Safe!

Don't wait for someone to pain to get Kendall's Spavin Treatment in the house.

For all external hurts and pains Kendall's Spavin Treatment makes good.

REMARKS: Back, December 10, 1921.

"I have used your Kendall's Spavin Cure for over seven years and it is one of the best I have ever used for all kinds of aches." (Signed) S. B. B. 2348.

Get a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure today. Regular for Home Treatment.—Refund for Home Use.

DR. B. J. KENDALL COMPANY, Ennsburg Park, Va., U.S.A.

## KENDALL'S SPAVIN TREATMENT

# LARSON'S Store

"THE STORE THAT SERVES YOU BEST"

## BOYS WEAR

### BOYS WEAR—

...New Fall Suits for Boys, specially priced at \$7.65, \$8.75 and \$8.95. These have just been opened up and represent the utmost in value. Smartly tailored from excellent All Wool Tweeds in brown and grey colorings.

...Extra Bloomers to match. Suits, thus giving Double the life and wear to suit. Extra Bloomers at \$2.55 & \$2.85

BOYS MACKINAW COATS .... at \$5.75 to \$6.45  
Unusually heavy all wool coat for Boys, of fancy overcheck cloth, made in full Norfolk Style, a splendid value, priced according to size.

### BOYS HEAVY WORSTED PULLOVERS—

Sporty looking Sweaters knitted from All Wool Yarns, assorted club color combinations, all sizes. Excellent for school and sport wear, at \$1.85 to \$2.95

### BOYS Light Weight JERSEY SWEATER—

A particularly nice weight to wear underneath a coat. Comes with buttons on left shoulder, also in the new convertible color \$1.15 to \$1.45

### BOYS HEAVY COTTON PULLOVERS—

Suitable for rough wear at 75c to \$1.15

### Boys & Youths Heavy Ribbed TOQUES—

We are able to offer you exceptional value in Toques, both in the big "Jumbo" stitch, and fancy assorted colors, at 70c, 85c and \$1.00

## BOYS UNDERWEAR—

PENMAN'S FLEECE-LINED COMBINATIONS  
Priced according to size, very strong and warm at \$1.30 to \$1.45

FLEECE-LINED TWO-PIECE UNDERWEAR  
Made from strong cotton yarns, thickly fleeced, re-inforced throughout, an inexpensive suit, at 75c up to \$1.00

### PENMAN'S WORSTED HOSE—

Extra good value, for Boys. Strong, Heavy, Warm Hose for either Boys or Girls, sizes 6 to 10, priced according to size, at 45c up to 60c

## GROCERIES

Cape Cod Cranberries ..... 20c lb.  
North West Dollar Sodas ..... 85c  
Blue Ribbon Baking Powder ..... 3lb. tin 85c  
K. C. Pure Plum Jam ..... 4 lb. tin 75c  
(Assorted—Red Plum, Greengage, and Golden Plum).

Canned Tomatoes, Choice Quality, 3 tins for 50c  
P & G, and Gold Soap ..... 3 Bars for 25c  
Blue Nose Cod Fish ..... 20c lb. bricks  
Our Special Blend Coffee ..... 3 lbs. \$1.00  
(Ground Fresh Every Day.)

### ENGLISH MADE TEA-POTS

Assorted, plain and mottled patterns, priced according to size, each, 65c, 80c up to \$1.10

THE STORE OF COURTESY, SERVICE,  
AND VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY.

Cash System Manager T. A. Ledin

## OPEN for Business

WE ARE Open for Business. Our Dray will meet all trains and cream will be graded as soon as it reaches the Creamery. We aim to satisfy all our patrons and solicit your business.

## Irma Creamery Co. Ltd

IRMA, ALBERTA

When in Calgary Stop at—

## The HOTEL ALEXANDRA

"THE HOUSE OF COMFORT"

Free Bus. Free Telephone Fire Proof  
Rates—\$1 \$1.50 and \$2. With bath \$2 & \$2.50  
226—9th Ave. East.

## GOVERNMENT SALE OF LIQUOR DISCUSSED BY REV. PECK

(From The Viking News.)

The Prohibition meeting held in Jensen's hall last Sunday evening was attended by a large crowd, and the speaker, Rev. W. W. Peck, of Vancouver, was given a close and attentive hearing. He spoke at 8:30 p.m. Saturday evening, Kingsdale school Sunday afternoon and at Viking Sunday evening. Mr. Peck has been provincial organizer for the Prohibition party in B. C. since 1920 and gave a very informing address on condition in that province under government sale of liquor. Even those who may not agree with his opinions and conclusions could not help but be impressed with the fair minded way in which he handled his subject.

Mr. H. B. Collier, an old time friend of Mr. Peck acted as chairman, and after the invocation by Rev. Mr. Upson, and a fine selection by the Community church choir, the speaker was introduced.

Rev. W. W. Peck considered it a pleasure to address this meeting and state the case of British Columbia. Mr. Peck had lived in B. C. for 12 years under the open bar administration, prohibition and government sale. Since 1916 he had been pastor of a Presbyterian church and in this prohibition work the church was paying his salary and expenses. His object is to make known the results of government sale. The Moderation League in Alberta is resorting to the same propaganda used in B. C., that of telling the enormous boon to humanity that government control would be. It would control the sale, stamp out bootlegging, banish the bar, increase civic and provincial revenue, and lessen the taxes. In no instance has this been done in B. C. during Mr. Peck's tenure. Mr. Peck was prepared to verify every statement he made, and challenged the meeting to contradict him. One of their flimsiest lies was the dispatch sent to a Vancouver paper on July 4th quoting a statement made by A. M. Mansson, Attorney-General of B. C., which later was found to be a complete fabrication. The majority of the people are in favor of prohibition. Today 115 millions on the North American continent are living under prohibition, and it is undoubtedly an economic, social and moral success. This state of things which other nations seriously consider prohibitory liquor laws.

He quoted a letter from Judge Archibald of Ottawa, who stated: "75 percent of all serious crime was due to alcoholism. That there was no habit more delusory." Another quotation from "Alcohol" a booklet issued by the liquor interests of Great Britain quoted alcohol as a "narcotic drug" which depresses the nervous system.

The people of Alberta should realize the tremendous advantage they derive from being under prohibition, said Mr. Peck. The liquor taxes in B. C. in 1920 and in Alberta in 1923 are the same. The platform and principles of the Moderation League in both provinces are the same—no restoration of the bar; bootlegging to cease; government sale of liquor in quantities consistent with moderation and true temperance. The Prohibitionists, not the Moderationists, abolished the bar, but the Moderationists want its return stated Mr. Peck. On June 15, 1921, the Moderationist Liberty League of B. C. waited on the attorney-general with a request that beer be allowed to be sold by the glass in well regulated places. The result was the licensed club. The speaker could not recall a single instance where the Moderationists had raised their voice against existing conditions. The Moderation League in B. C. today has not the support of the people as in former days. It is now composed of the bootleggers, hotelmen, clubmen, brewers, distillers and export warehouse men.

Under the permit system which was grossly abused, one woman purchased during 86 days 13 quarts of Scotch whiskey, 70 bottles of rum and 1960 bottles of beer. "Now, wasn't that a 'real thirst'?" (laughter). Another man bought in a year \$35, 163.50 worth of liquor, while another in one month got 96 barrels of beer. That is government control. In B. C. today there are 68 government liquor stores, one in practically every town. During the first 15 months of government sale, the revenue amounted to \$10,647,432. During the last six months it was \$8,029,990 against \$100,000 during the last six months of 1920. In order that the government may derive \$1 in revenue, a purchaser has to spend \$12 at a government liquor store. Besides the government vendors, in B. C. there are 105 licensed clubs and 250 to 350 unlicensed ones.

On October 6, 1923, one club manager stated that in 10 months he had taken in over the bar \$36,227, and that was not an exception. During the period between January 1, 1923, and June 21, 1923, the 68 government stores imported 120,831 gallons of liquor, and the export warehouses imported 124,065 gallons.

On October 25, 1922, the liquor export houses were banned in Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba. They all moved into B. C. If Clause A is voted down, they will immediately return here.

Unless Section 82 of the Customs Act of Canada is amended, the operation of export warehouses is legal, and they now export to prohibition U. S. A. and our prohibition provinces in Canada. These firms with the brewers constitute a source of supply for the bootleggers who have no respect for law.

The Moderationists, said Mr. Peck, say it is impossible to enforce a prohibitory law, but such is not the case. There are prohibitory laws against murder, theft, assault, etc., yet in 1922 in Alberta out of 5748 criminal cases only 1419 were infractions of the Liquor Act. The public must stand behind law enforcement, and support their own legislation. The appropriation for enforcement of the Alberta Liquor Act for 1923 was \$60,000. Up to October 1 it had cost only



# Liquor Referendum



## NOTICE TO VOTERS

Instructions to Voters as to Method of Marking the Preferential Ballot to be used in the Liquor Referendum in Alberta on Monday, November 5, 1923.

Issued Under the Authority of the Government of Alberta

### THE BALLOT

#### a. Prohibition—

Meaning thereby, a continuance and development of the present Liquor Legislation; that is, meaning the Abolition of the Sale of all Liquors excepting for strictly Medicinal, Sacramental, Manufacturing and Scientific Purposes.

#### b. Licensed Sale of Beer—

Meaning thereby, the Sale of Beer in Licensed Hotels and other Premises, as provided in the proposed Temperance Act

#### c. Government Sale of Beer—

Meaning thereby, the Sale of Beer by or through Government Vendors. Beer for consumption in Private Residences under Government Control and Regulation—other Liquors to be sold through Doctor's Prescription for Medicinal purposes.

#### d. Government Sale of All Liquors—

Meaning thereby, the Sale of all Liquors by or through Government Vendors. Beer to be consumed on Licensed Premises and in Private Residences. Wines and Spirits to be purchased in limited quantities under permit issued by the Government under Government Control and Regulation.

### INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS

The Voter MUST NOT use the X mark. He should mark the figure 1 opposite the question he wishes to become law. He should then mark the figure 2 opposite the question he would select as second choice, the figure 3 opposite his third choice, the figure 4 opposite the fourth choice. He must make no other mark on the ballot. The voter may "plump" for one question alone, using the figure 1, without spoiling his ballot, or he may vote for only two or only three choices.

Voters are urged, however, to vote the full extent of their four choices. There is always the possibility that the question of his first choice will not carry. In that case he should have a second choice, and a third choice and a fourth choice. Only by marking the full number of choices does the voter obtain the full benefit of the preferential ballot, and the government obtain a complete expression of the opinion of the people.

\$32,000 and there had been taken in \$40,000 in fines. In B. C. the cost of law enforcement under government sale is about \$10,000 a month, whereas in Alberta it is only about \$4,000 under prohibition.

Mr. Peck declared that where there was one bootlegger during prohibition in B. C., there were easily a dozen today. The 105 licensed clubs of Vancouver sell beer illegally by the glass, and 90 percent of the liquor sold in the 250 "blind pies" does not come from government stores. Present provincial legislation does not control either importation, exportation or transportation. The Moderationist propaganda that government sale decreases drunkenness is without foundation. Statistics prove that convictions for drunkenness are increasing in B. C. By increasing the facilities for procuring liquor, drunkenness automatically increases. A typical expression was that of a minister in Prince Rupert who saw in two hours 14 drunken men from one street corner. In Victoria liquor vendors' stores were opened against the wishes of the residents because the government is the liquor business for revenue alone.

Mr. Peck quoted tax figures for the years 1910 to 1923 inclusive, which showed that taxes had nearly doubled. Electors in Vancouver refused to support money bylaws because they couldn't pay the present taxes. In Victoria the tax rate increased from 32 mills in 1922 to 39 in 1923. As to the moral aspect, in divorces alone figures show that from 1910-15 there were 53 decrees granted, Prohibition, 1915-20 there were 34 decrees, 1921 125 decrees, 1922 132 decrees, first 6 months of 1923 66 decrees. Liquor and good morals never go together, said Mr. Peck emphatically.

In 1918, under prohibition, there were 76 bawdy house keepers convicted and 188 men and women residents imprisoned.

In 1922, under government sale, 197 convictions and 746 imprisonments. During the first 7 months of 1923, 100 convictions and 473 imprisonments.

—Mr. Peck had lived in B. C. under both Prohibition and government sale and he emphatically declared that of all systems of control government sale is the worst. It looses an uncontrollable evil-endangering business, and degrading social and moral well-being of the people. He hoped that we in Alberta would profit by the sad experience of B. C. and that on November 5th pile up a big majority for Clause A.

At the close of the address an opportunity was given for questions but none being asked, the meeting closed with the National Anthem.

Papyrus, the great English derby winner was defeated in an international race with the American horse Zee Ast Friday at Belmont Park New York. The long ocean trip had a bad effect on Papyrus.

## For U.S. President?



When Henry Ford was asked by Montreal reporters if he would run for President of the United States, he said, "I am not running for or against anything," but when asked if he would accept nomination if preferred, the motor car king replied:

"No one knows what they will do from one day to another." Mr. Ford is here seen in conversation with Mr. Grant Hall, vice-president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, at Windsor Station, Montreal.

## IRMA TIMES

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Irma, Alberta, Canada

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